Puig Antich, Salvador (1948–1974)

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Subject  
History  
Social Movements » Collective Behaviour

Place  
Europe » Western Europe  
Iberia » Spain

Period  
1000 - 1999 » 1900-1999

Key-Topics  
anarchism, bibliography, liberty, revolution, strikes

Extract

Catalan anarchist Salvador Puig Antich was part of the military branch of a small revolutionary organization called the Movimento Ibérico de Liberación/Grupos autónomos de combate (Iberian Liberation Movement/Autonomous Combat Groups) (MIL/GAC). He participated in bank robberies ("expropriations") meant to finance clandestine propaganda and support striking workers. After a series of such robberies, in September 1973 Puig Antich and comrade Xavier Garriga were ambushed by police; in the melee, Puig Antich was injured and deputy inspector Francisco Anguas Barragán was shot to death. There are still different explanations of what happened at that time; independent researchers suggest the policeman died from shots fired both by his own colleagues and by Puig Antich. Before the tribunal took place, however, the prime minister was assassinated by Basque ETA (Euzkadi Ta Askatasuna) separatists, and subsequent desire for revenge on the part of the authorities, together with a summary military trial, full of irregularities, produced two death sentences. Despite an international solidarity movement against Puig Antich's death penalty, he was executed by garrote on March 2, 1974, setting off protests and strikes in Barcelona, foreshadowing the end of the Franco dictatorship in 1975. A 2006 biographical film, Salvador, and a 2007 decision by Spain's Supreme Court not to review Puig Antich's ... log in or subscribe to read full text