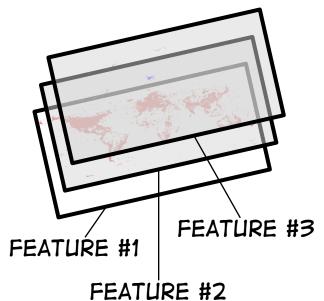
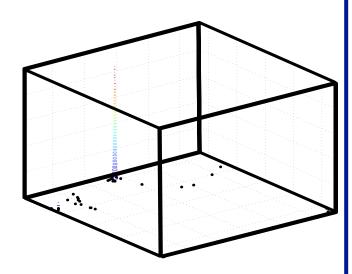
# OVERALL APPROACH

MATCHING
FEATURES PROVIDE
SETS OF
(LAT,LNG) PAIRS
WHICH CAN BE
SEEN AS DISCRETE
SAMPLES DRAWN
FROM A PDF OVER
THE EARTH'S

SURFACE



MEAN-SHIFT IS
USED TO ESTIMATE
THE MOST PROBABLE
LOCATION FROM THE
KERNEL DENSITY
ESTIMATE OF THE
PDF

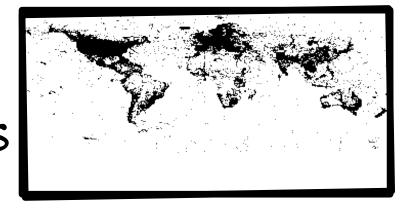


# LOCATION PRIOR

METADATA FEATURES

A PRIOR
FEATURE WAS
CONSTRUCTED
BASED ON

BASED ON
WHERE PHOTOS
ARE MOST
LIKELY TO BE
TAKEN



#### TAGS

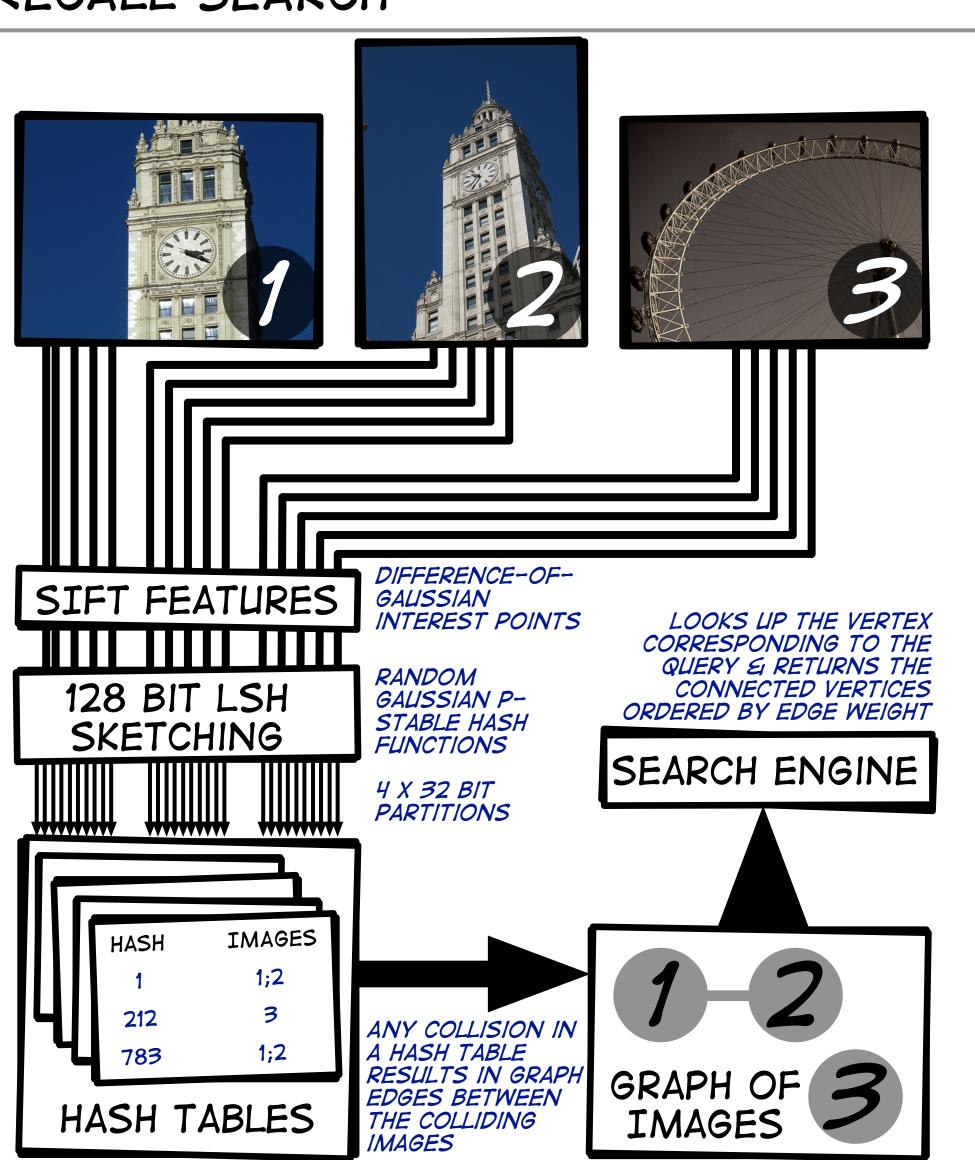
EACH TAG IS TREATED AS A SEPARATE FEATURE AND PRODUCES A SET OF LIKELY LOCATIONS. ALL TAGS ARE CONSIDERED AS THEY GIVE SOME HINT, EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT RELATED TO A GEOGRAPHICAL PLACE - THE WORST CASE IS THAT THEY LOOK LIKE THE PRIOR.



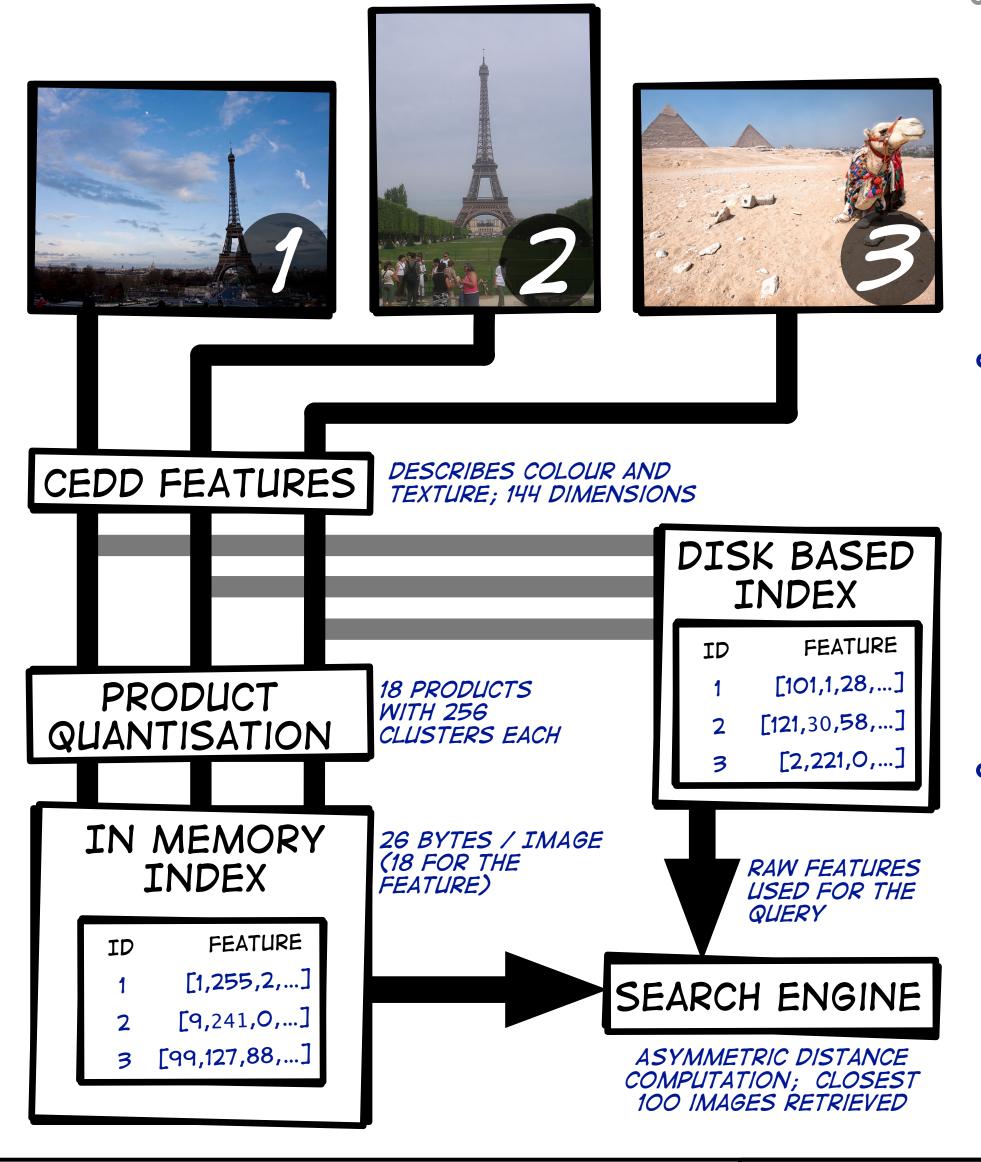


# VISUAL FEATURES

LSH-SIFT: HIGH PRECISION/LOW RECALL SEARCH



## PQ-CEDD: LOW PRECISION/HIGH RECALL SEARCH



# NORMALISATION

ALL FEATURES ARE FORCED INTO PRODUCING EXACTLY 1000 (LAT,LNG) PAIRS BY SUB/SUPER SAMPLING. THIS GIVES EACH FEATURE AN EQUAL WEIGHT. SAMPLING IS UNIFORM FOR THE PRIOR AND TAGS FEATURES, BUT BASED ON THE SCORE RETURNED BY THE SEARCH ENGINE FOR THE VISUAL FEATURES.

#### GEONAMES BOOSTING

TAGS FEATURES THAT MATCHED A GENOMES PLACE OR ALTERNATE PLACE NAME HAD THEIR NUMBER OF SAMPLES DOUBLED TO 2000, EFFECTIVELY INCREASING THEIR POWER.

### RUN CONFIGURATIONS

RUN	PRIOR	TAGS	PQ-CEDD	SIFT-LSH	GEONAMES
1	<b>✓</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
2	✓		✓	<b>✓</b>	
3	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
4*	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	
5	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

\* RUN 4 USES A LARGER DATASET OF GEOTAGGED FLICKR IMAGES CRAWLED INDEPENDENTLY. ALL IMAGES FROM THE SET OF USERS FROM THE QUERY IMAGES WERE REMOVED FROM THIS DATASET TO KEEP TO THE SPIRIT OF THE TASK.

# RESULTS

NESAL   S			RUN		
	1	2	3	4	5
NO. EST. WITHIN 1KM	20.6%	0.3%	23.2%	26.2%	23.7%
NO. EST. WITHIN 10KM	31.5%	0.6%	<i>3</i> 7.7%	40.9%	<i>38.5%</i>
NO. EST. WITHIN 100KM	36.1%	0.1%	43.8%	47.4%	44.2%
NO. EST. WITHIN 500KM	42.0%	3.5%	51.0%	53.5%	49.9%
NO. EST. WITHIN 1000KM	47.2%	7.4%	56.7%	58.4%	54.5%
MEDIAN ERROR IN KM	1352	6898	451	<i>254</i>	540
LINEAR CORRELATION OF ERROR	0.16	0.06	0.37	0.37	0.04

POWERED BY

ITLE IDENTIFYING THE GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION OF AN IMAGE WITH A MULTIMODAL PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTION

PLACING: GEO-COORDINATE PREDICTION
FOR SOCIAL MULTIMEDIA

SPONSORS



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