

Migration, transnationalism and development on the Southeastern flank of Europe

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Table 1. Selected Black Sea and Southeastern European: population, development, migration and remittances (2007–10).

	Popn	HDI	Per cap. GDP	Stock of emigrants		Stock of immigrants		Remittances (US\$)	
	(million)		(PPP US\$)	'000	% popn	'000	% popn	per cap.	% GNI
Albania	3.2	0.818	7,041	1,438	45.4	89	2.8	412	10.4
Bosnia-H.	3.8	0.812	7,764	1,461	38.9	28	0.7	570	12.3
Bulgaria	7.6	0.835	11,222	1,201	16.0	107	1.4	205	3.5
Croatia	4.4	0.871	16,027	754	17.1	700	15.9	335	2.4
Greece	11.3	0.942	28,517	1,210	10.8	1,133	10.1	179	0.6
Macedonia	2.0	0.817	9,096	447	21.9	130	6.3	201	4.3
Moldova	3.6	0.720	2,551	770	21.5	408	11.4	336	20.9
Romania	21.5	0.837	12,369	2,769	13.1	133	0.6	229	3.0
Serbia	7.3	0.826	10,248	196	2.0	525	5.3	740	12.9
Slovenia	2.0	0.929	26,753	132	6.5	164	8.1	140	0.6
Ukraine	46.0	0.796	6,914	6,531	14.4	5,258	11.6	115	4.8

Source: UNDP (2009); World Bank (2011).

Note: Data for Kosovo and Montenegro unavailable (except Montenegro HDI 0.834, per capita GDP 11,699).

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