Development of a PtSn bimetallic catalyst for direct fuel cells using bio-butanol fuel

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Electronic supplementary Information (ESI)



Figure S1. Typical SEM images of Pt electro-deposited on glassy carbon.



Figure S2. Typical SEM image of the PtSn on glassy carbon ($\theta_{Sn} \sim 16\%$).



Figure S3. Cyclic voltammogram of Pt electrodeposited on glassy carbon in 0.5M H_2SO_4 . The current value was normalized by the active area A_r of Pt (6.23 cm²); scan rate 20 mV s⁻¹.



Figure S4. The voltammograms of PtSn ($\theta_{Sn} \sim 17\%$) electrode in 0.1M n-BtOH + 0.1M H₂SO₄ at different temperatures. Scan rate: 50 mV s⁻¹.



Figure S5. The voltammogram of a PtSn electrode with a high Sn coverage ($\theta_{Sn} \sim 55\%$) in 0.1M n-BtOH+0.1M H₂SO₄ solution; also shown is that of pure Pt electrode over a wider potential range. Scan rate 20 mV s⁻¹.



Figure S6. The voltammograms of Pt and PtSn electrodes in (a) 0.1M iso-BtOH + 0.1M H_2SO_4 (where the PtSn with $\theta_{Sn} \sim 15\%$), and (b) 0.1M EtOH + 0.1M H_2SO_4 (where the PtSn with $\theta_{Sn} \sim 20\%$). Current normalized by electrochemical active area of Pt for all electrodes. Scan rate: 50 mV s⁻¹.