Published as: Sirry MS, Butler JR, Patnaik SS, Brazile B, Bertucci R, Claude A, McLaughlin R, Davies NH, Liao J, Franz T. Infarcted rat myocardium: Data from biaxial tensile and uniaxial compressive testing and analysis of collagen fibre orientation. Data in Brief, 2016, 8, 1338-43, http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.dib.2016.08.005

Data article

Title: *Infarcted rat myocardium: data from biaxial tensile and uniaxial compressive testing and analysis of collagen fibre orientation*

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Abstract

Myocardial infarction was experimentally induced in rat hearts and harvested immediately, 7, 14 and 28 days after the infarction induction. Anterior wall infarct samples underwent biaxial tensile and uniaxial compressive testing. Orientation of collagen fibres was analysed following mechanical testing. In this article, we present the tensile and compressive stress-strain raw data, the calculated tensile and compressive moduli and the measured angles of collagen orientation. The presented data is associated with the research article titled "Characterisation of the mechanical properties of infarcted myocardium in the rat under biaxial tension and uniaxial compression" [1].

Specifications Table

Subject area	Mechanics, Biology
More specific subject area	Biomechanics of myocardial infarction
Type of data	Graphs, tables
How data was acquired	Biaxial tensile test, uniaxial compressive test, histological analysis
Data format	Raw, analysed
Experimental factors	Mechanical testing was performed with tissue samples completely submerged in phosphate buffered saline at 37°C.
Experimental features	60:60 N/m biaxial load, 30% wall compression
Data source location	Mississippi State University, Mississippi, USA and University of Cape Town, Cape Town, South Africa
Data accessibility	All data is provided in this article

Value of the data

- Full presentation of biaxial mechanical data and collagen fibre orientation for healing myocardial infarcts.
- The presented data demonstrates the mechanical and structural anisotropy of the healing myocardial infarcts.
- First report to characterize the compressive properties of the healing rat myocardial infarcts.
- Presentation of collagen fibre orientation in healing myocardial infarcts.
- The presented mechanical and structural data can be utilized in constitutive modelling of healing myocardial infarcts for rats.

Data

The data being shared describe the mechanical and structural properties of healing rat myocardial infarcts from individual samples in several post-infarct time points: immediately (i.e. 0 day), 7, 14 and 28 days after the induction of myocardial infarction. The mechanical data are composed of biaxial tensile stress-strain relationships, biaxial tensile moduli, compressive stress-strain relationships and compressive moduli. The structural data include the angles of collagen fibres orientation measured at the centre of infarct samples.



Figure 1: 60:60 N/m biaxial tensile stress-strain relationship for individual samples (n=5) from 0 day infarct group. Biaxial test raw data are provided in Supplementary Data Set A.



Figure 2: 60:60 N/m biaxial tensile stress-strain relationship for individual samples (n=5) from 7 day infarct group. Biaxial test raw data are provided in Supplementary Data Set A.



Figure 3: 60:60 N/m biaxial tensile stress-strain relationship for individual samples (n=3) from 14 day infarct group. Biaxial test raw data are provided in Supplementary Data Set A.



Figure 4: 60:60 N/m biaxial tensile stress-strain relationship for individual samples (n=4) from 28 day infarct group. Biaxial test raw data are provided in Supplementary Data Set A.

	Circumferential					Longitudinal					
	0 day 7 day		14 day	28 day		0 day	7 day	14 day	28 day		
	(kPa, n=5)	(kPa, n=5)	(kPa, n=3)	(kPa, n=4)		(kPa, n=5)	(kPa, n=5)	(kPa, n=3)	(kPa, n=4)		
	534	644	545	1522		227	466	240	341		
	294	494	1168	1689		380	106	243	1105		
	571	416	1432	714		177	136	153	337		
	373	1125		947		187	315		166		
	419	787				267	228				
Mean ± SD	438 ± 114	693 ± 280	1048 ± 455	1218 ± 462		248 ± 82	250 ± 146	212 ± 51	487 ± 420		

Table 1: Circumferential and longitudinal tensile moduli (kPa) calculated for individual samples of different infarct groups.



Figure 5: Compressive stress-strain relationship for individual samples of 0 (a), 7 (b), 14 (c) and 28 day (d) infarct groups. Compression test raw data are provided in Supplementary Data Set B.

	0 day	7 day	14 day	28 day		
	(kPa, n=5)	(kPa, n=6)	(kPa, n=8)	(kPa, n=6)		
	244	429	73	567		
	188	388	460	430		
	99	148	162	1060		
	109	192	160	188		
	87	154	397	155		
		172	343	732		
			415			
			72			
Mean ± SD	145 ± 68	247 ± 126	260 ± 160	522 ± 344		

Table 2: Compressive moduli (kPa) calculated for individual samples of different infarct groups.

Table 3: Collagen orientation angles (degree) at 10 transmural sections from samples of 7, 14 and 28 day infarct groups. Collagen orientation raw data are provided in Supplementary Data Set C.

		Epi-	Transmural section (depth)						Endo-		
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	S10
7 day	MA (deg)	-31.0	-31.1	-43.1	-39.9	-30.7	-30.9	-33.8	-36.0	-20.3	-27.9
	MVL	0.75	0.75	0.94	0.90	0.84	0.86	0.89	0.91	0.82	0.84
	CSD (deg)	43.1	43.7	19.8	25.8	34.0	31.6	27.8	24.4	35.9	34.0
14 day	MA (deg)	-33.8	-21.5	-18.8	32.3	-8.3	32.4	-20.9	-25.5	-27.4	-29.8
	MVL	0.79	0.75	0.77	0.83	0.69	0.87	0.83	0.76	0.78	0.85
	CSD (deg)	39.9	43.9	41.5	35.0	49.3	29.9	35.2	42.7	40.2	32.3
28 day	MA (deg)	-6.4	1.3	-15.4	-13.9	-35.7	-34.3	-33.2	-35.3	0.4	-10.2
	MVL	0.76	0.66	0.79	0.79	0.77	0.80	0.78	0.79	0.70	0.71
	CSD (deg)	42.2	52.1	39.8	39.0	41.5	38.3	40.6	39.2	48.7	47.0

MA= mean angle; MVL= mean vector length; CSD = circular standard deviation.

Experimental Design, Materials and Methods

The details of the experimental work and materials are provided in [1].

Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank Prof Jeffrey W. Holmes from Robert M. Berne Cardiovascular Research Center, University of Virginia, for his helpful and constructive comments that greatly contributed to improving the final version of the paper. The authors would like to also thank Mrs. Nancy Pounds and Mrs. Jamie Walker from the College of Veterinary Medicine, Mississippi State University, for the help with the anaesthesia and operation room management. This study was supported financially by the National Research Foundation (NRF) of South Africa and the Centre for High Performance Computing, Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, South Africa. Any opinion, findings and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this publication are those of the authors and therefore the NRF does not accept any liability in regard thereto. MSS acknowledges the International Society of Biomechanics Matching Dissertation Grant. NHD acknowledges financial support from the South African Medical Research Council.

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