**Table 2. Associations between clinical OA of the hip or knee and (recurrent) falls**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | RR (95% CI)  for one or more falls | RR (95% CI)  for recurrent falls |  |
| Clinical hip OA  - Model 1  - Model 2 | 1.35 (1.00-1.82)\*  1.34 (0.99-1.81) | 1.48 (0.93-2.38)  1.47 (0.91-2.38) |  |
| Clinical knee OA  - Model 1  - Model 2 | 1.13 (0.93-1.39)  1.10 (0.90-1.36) | 1.57 (1.13-2.18)\*  1.55 (1.10-2.18)\* |  |

RR=relative risk; 95% CI: 95% confidence interval; OA=osteoarthritis; \* = p<0.05

The analyses were performed using Cox Proportional Hazards Model with equal survival time for all subjects. Model 1: Adjusted for age, sex, country and level of education. Model 2: Additionally adjusted for body mass index, smoking, alcohol use, number of chronic diseases.