

A FIBROBLAST GROWTH FACTOR 14 (FGF14) DELETION UNDERLIES A VESTIBULOCEREBELLAR DISORDER PRESENTING AS EARLY ONSET NYSTAGMUS – AN OLD PEDIGREE REVISITED

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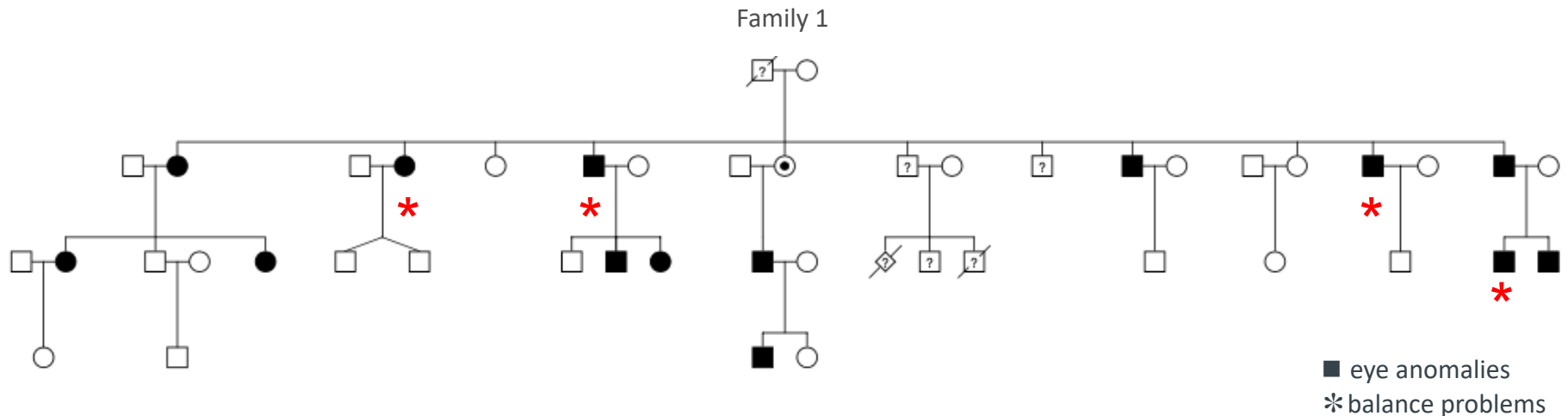
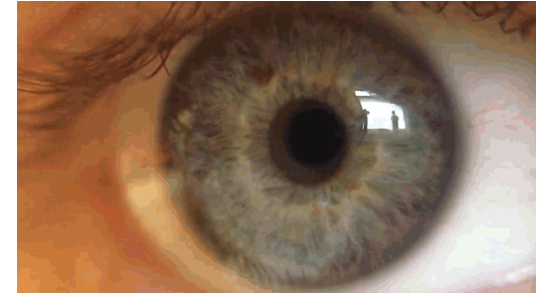
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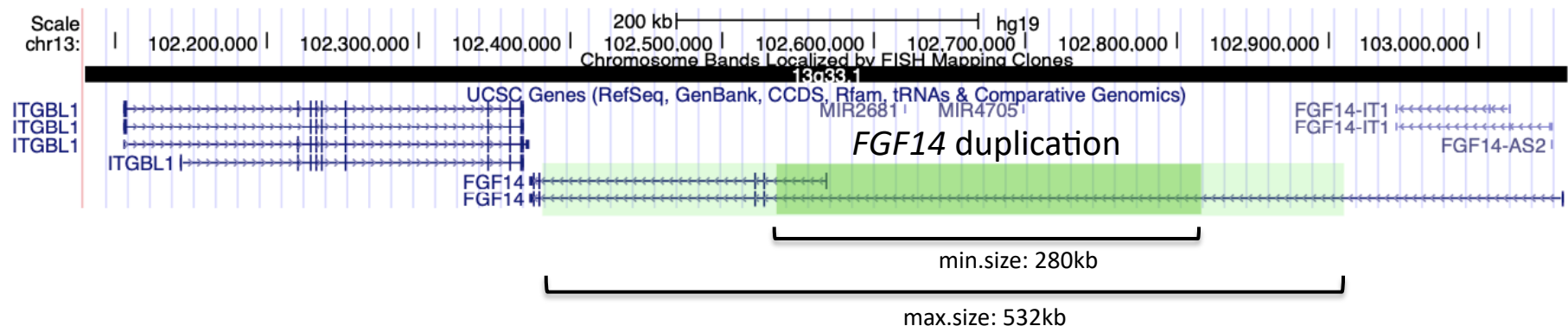
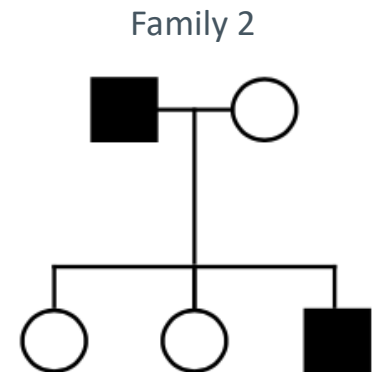
FAMILY 1

- Nystagmus: involuntary and periodic oscillations of the eye
- Harris *et al.*, 1993:
Large pedigree with a dominant vestibulo-cerebellar disorder:
 - gaze evoked and upbeat nystagmus
 - absent/poor smooth pursuit
 - poor vestibulo-ocular reflex
 - normal vision
 - normal electroretinograms (ERG), attenuated visually-evoked potentials
- Ragge *et al.*, 2003:
Linkage study: locus on chromosome 13q31-q33 (NYS4)



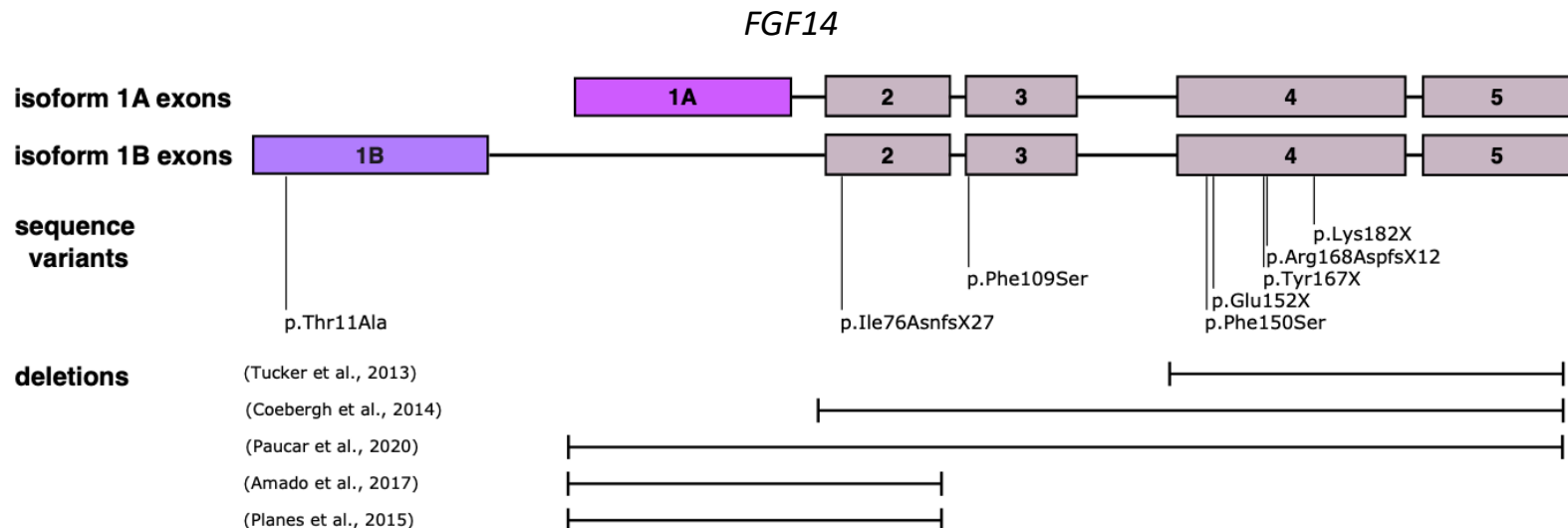
FAMILY 2

- Phenotype:
 - eye movement anomalies (gaze evoked and upbeat nystagmus, poor smooth pursuit)
 - early onset tremor
 - poor balance and fine motor difficulties
 - mood disorder
- Affected:
 - proband and father (mild)
- aCGH:
 - intragenic duplication of *FGF14* (chr13q33.1)



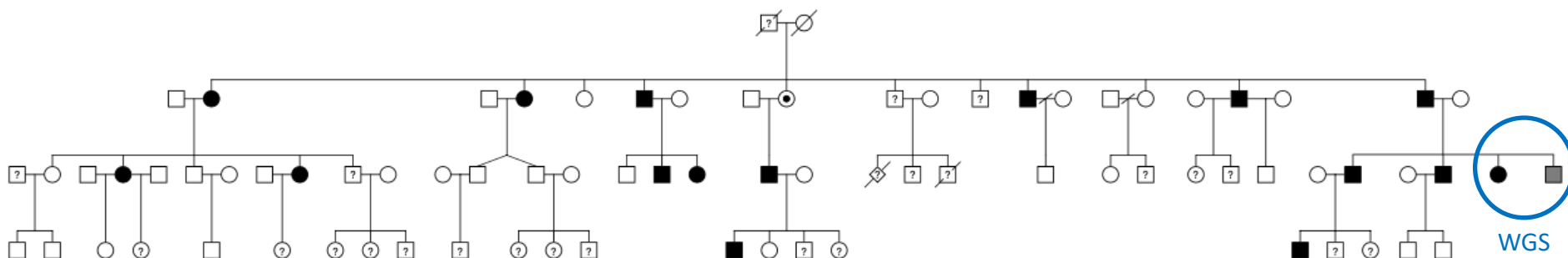
FGF14

- Intracellular fibroblast growth factor involved in multiple neuronal processes: channel gating, neuronal excitability, synaptic transmission and plasticity
- Heterozygous *FGF14* variants:
 - Spinocerebellar Ataxia type 27 (SCA27)
 - Episodic Ataxia
 - Paroxysmal non-kinesigenic dyskinesia
 - phenotypes consistent with mouse models
- <20 variants have been reported in families with these phenotypes



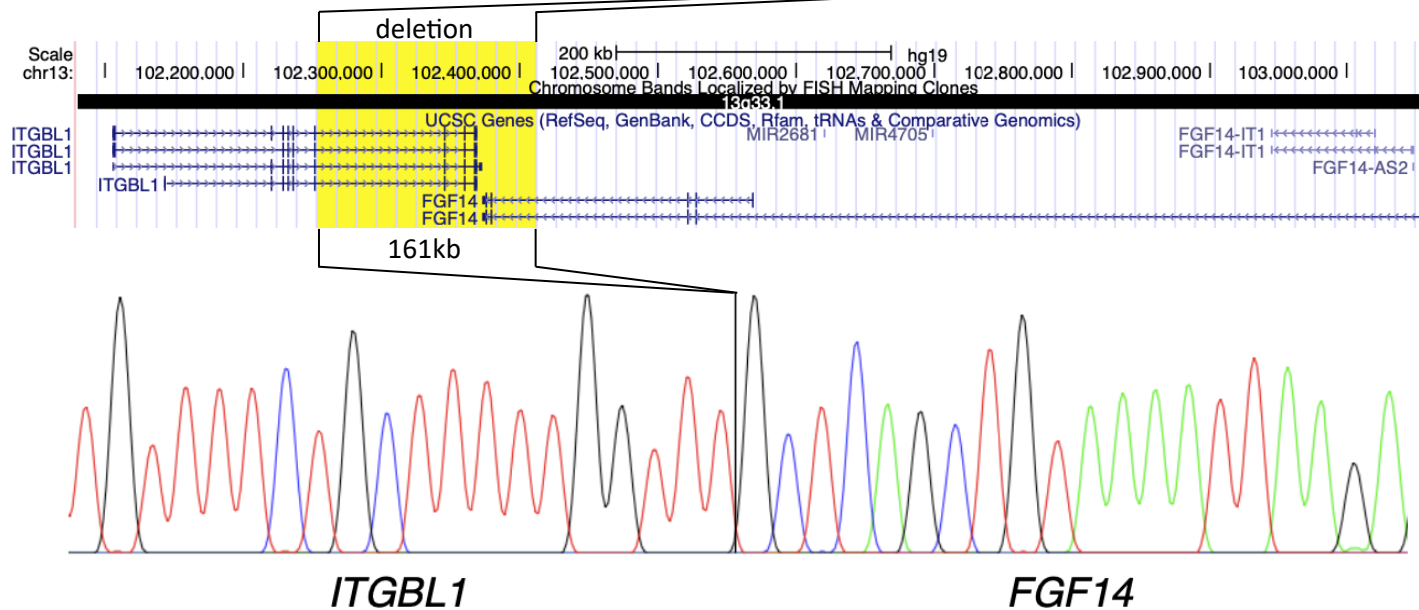
FAMILY 1

Family 1 (2020)



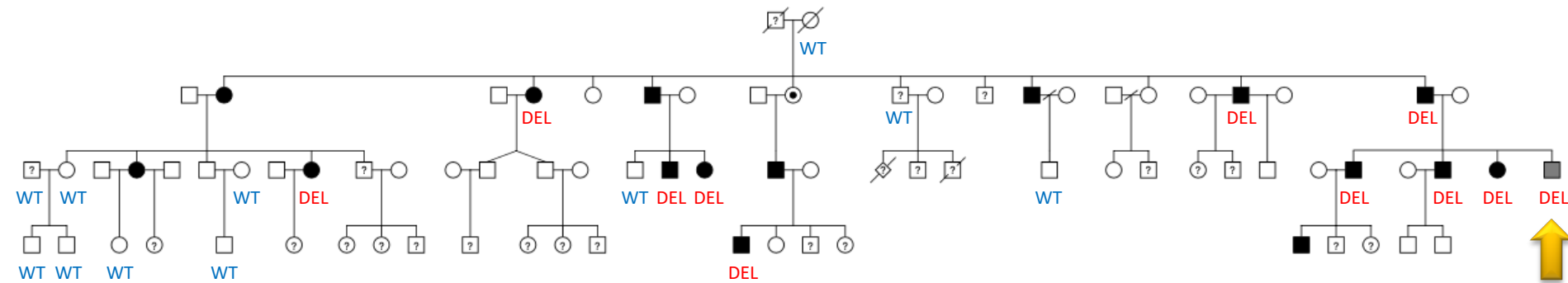
NYS4

chr13 (q31.1-q33.3) **13p11.2** **13p11.2** **13.3** **14.3** **13q31.1** **31.3** **q34**



FAMILY 1

Family 1 (2020)

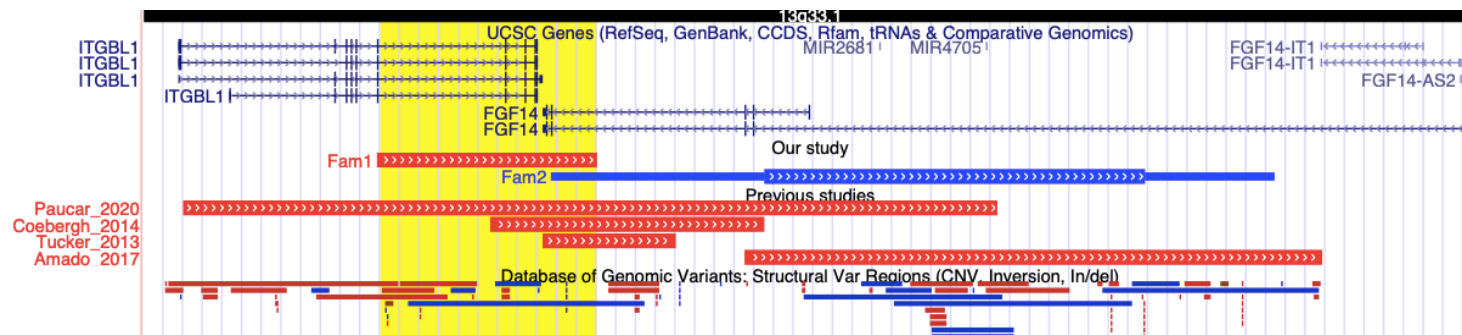


Segregation analysis: long range PCR

- Present in 10 affected + 1 mildly affected
- Absent in 8 unaffected

Literature: heterozygous *FGF14* deletions previously reported in cases with SCA27

→ Pathogenic variant



CONCLUSIONS

- Family 1
FGF14 heterozygous deletion → underlying cause of NYS4
- Family 2
FGF14 heterozygous duplication → first duplication reported in SCA27
- *FGF14* spectrum: from isolated nystagmus to SCA27
 - early onset
 - slow progression
 - inter- and intra-familial variability
- Importance of *FGF14* screening in cases with childhood nystagmus
 - both sequence and structural variants

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