Supplementary Table S1. Linear regression analyses – Association between NAFLD and/or T2DM status and values of log LF/HF ratio (included as a continuous variable).

	Standardized β Coefficient(s)	<i>P</i> values
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Unadjusted model		
NAFLD and T2DM status		
Without NAFLD/Without T2DM (n=115)	Ref.	
With T2DM/Without NAFLD (n=56)	0.001	0.987
With NAFLD/Without T2DM (n=68)	0.090	0.138
With NAFLD/With T2DM (n=117)	0.210	0.001
Adjusted model 1		
NAFLD and T2DM status		
Without NAFLD/Without T2DM (n=115)	Ref.	
With T2DM/Without NAFLD (n=56)	0.014	0.817
With NAFLD/Without T2DM (n=68)	0.086	0.148
With NAFLD/With T2DM (n=117)	0.192	0.002
Age (years)	-0.041	0.411
Sex (women vs. men)	-0.198	0.001
Adjusted model 2		
NAFLD and T2DM status		
Without NAFLD/Without T2DM (n=115)	Ref.	
With T2DM/Without NAFLD (n=56)	0.069	0.316
With NAFLD/Without T2DM (n=68)	0.139	0.033
With NAFLD/With T2DM (n=117)	0.327	< 0.001
Age (years)	-0.053	0.386
Sex (women vs. men)	-0.199	< 0.001
Body mass index (kg/m ²)	-0.127	0.059
Hypertension (yes vs. no)	0.032	0.605
Dyslipidemia (yes vs. no)	0.010	0.856
HbA1c (%)	-0.086	0.345
HOMA-IR score	0.056	0.467
C-reactive protein (mg/dl)	-0.033	0.558
Liver stiffness (kPa)	-0.043	0.453

Sample size, n=356. Data are expressed as standard β coefficients as tested by linear regression analysis. The LF/HF ratio values (logarithmically transformed before analysis) were the dependent variable in all regression models.