



# Networks ④ Augmented Chemical Intelligence?

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University of Southampton

[www.ai3sd.org](http://www.ai3sd.org)

<https://www.youtube.com/c/AI4ScientificDiscovery>

# Networks ④ Augmented Chemical Intelligence?

- Surely Chemists have been building models for ages
- Representing molecules – Chemical Informatics
- Group additivity – Graphs – Networks
- What is AI/ML
- Barriers
- Limits

Artificial Intelligence: Do stupid things faster with more energy!

Why we need a new breed of leader in the data-fueled era



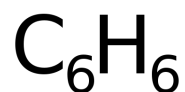
Cassie Kozyrkov

Sep 27 · 10 min read

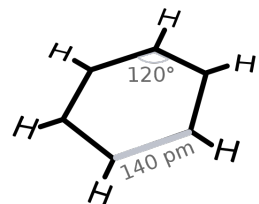
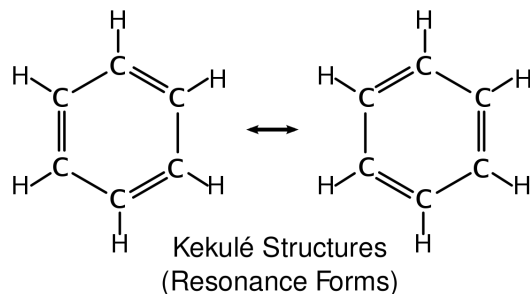
Medium



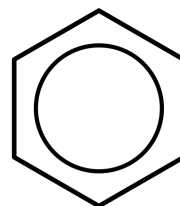
# Aromaticity – why is chemistry hard for computers.....



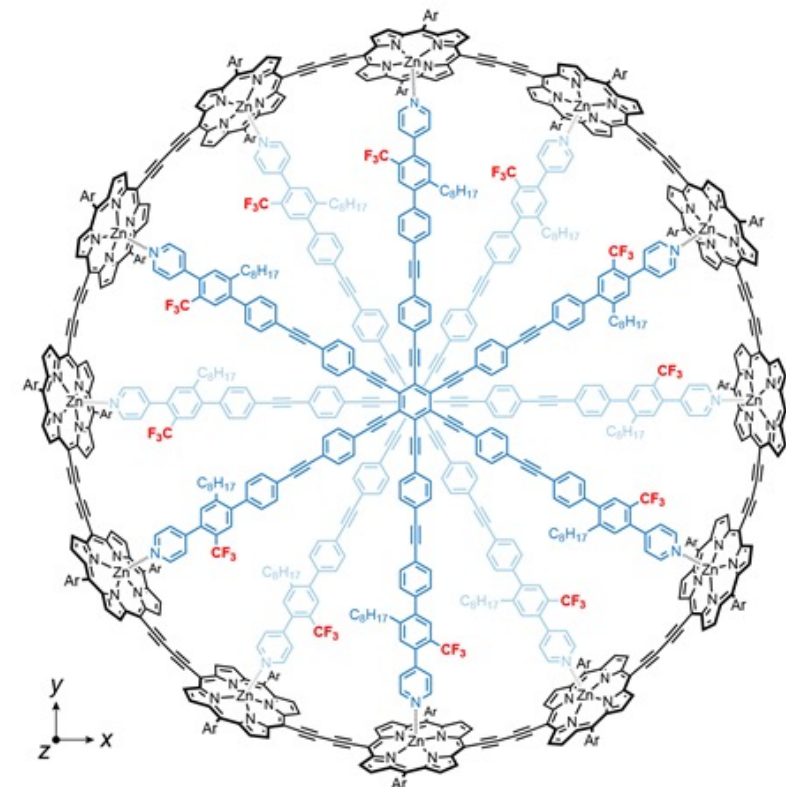
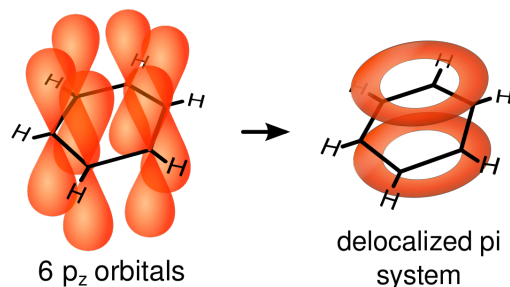
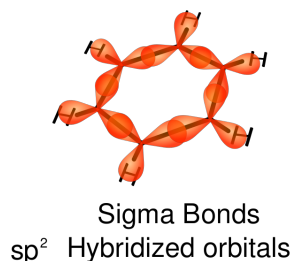
Benzene  
Molecular formula



Planar Hexagon  
Bond Length 140 pm



Benzene ring  
Simplified depiction



$$W_r = T_w = L_x = 0$$

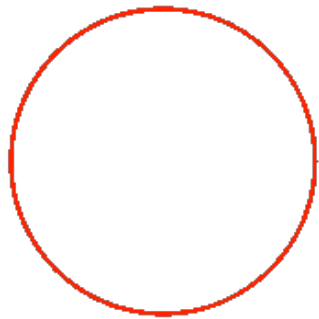
$$A_{xy} = 22 \text{ nm}^2 \quad A_{xz} = A_{yz} = 0$$

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Benzene#/media/File:Benzene\\_Representations.svg](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Benzene#/media/File:Benzene_Representations.svg)

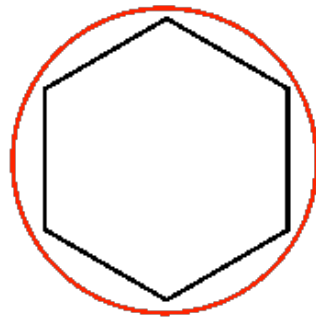
<https://www.chemistryworld.com/features/the-search-for-the-grand-unification-of-aromaticity/4013915.article>

# *Representations of Molecular Structure*

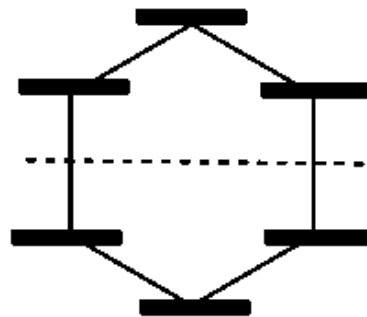
- Hückel Theory & Graph Theory



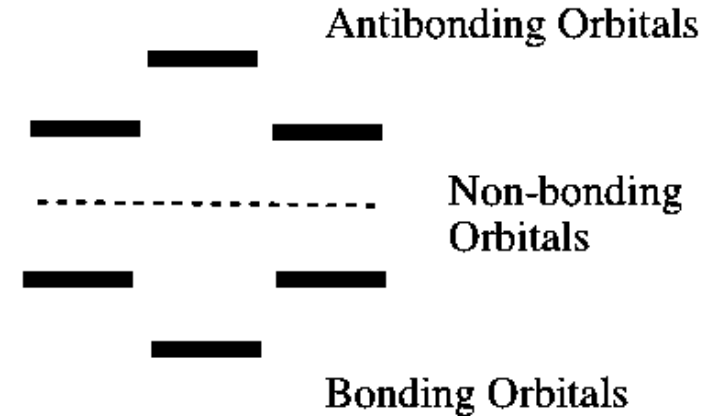
Step 1



Step 2



Step 3

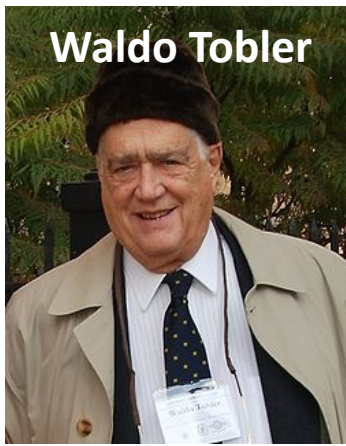


Step 4



# *Chemical Informatics*

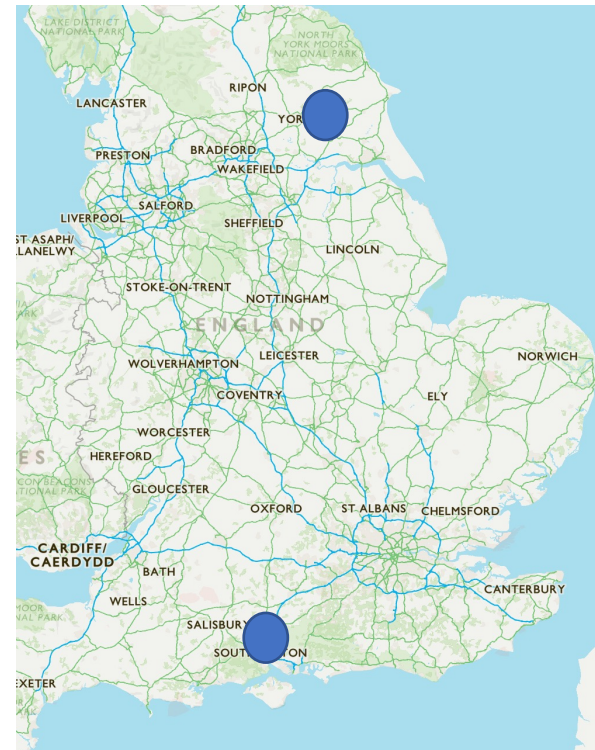
- These graphs are key to getting chemical information in and out of computers
- Allows us to process chemistry in software
- But simple input using SMILES makes life much easier
  - Benzene is c1ccccc1
- Packages like RDKit can then deal with conversion to structures in 2D and 3D and some properties
- *But what we really need is a map....*



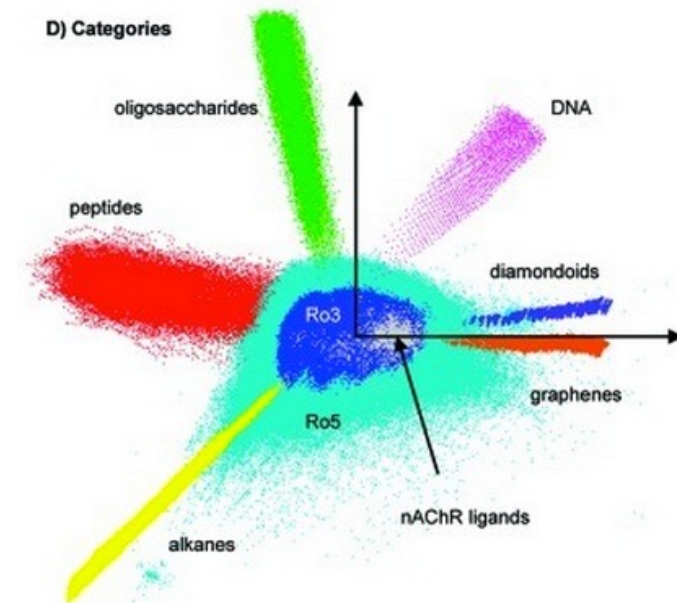
# *Laws of Geography*

- **The First Law**  
"Everything is related to everything else, but near things are more related than distant things".
- **The Second law**  
"The phenomenon external to an area of interest affects what goes on inside".

maps

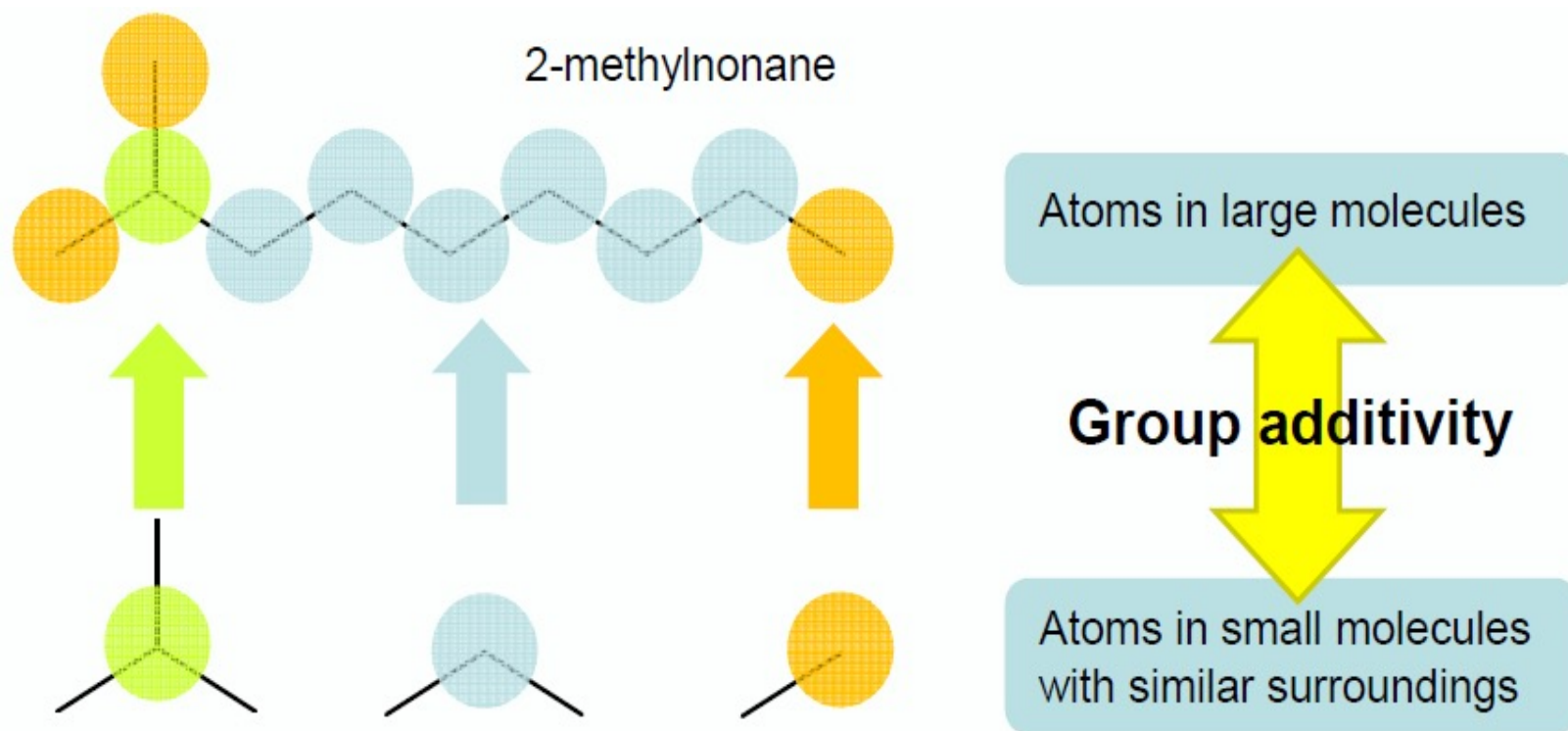


Chemical Space

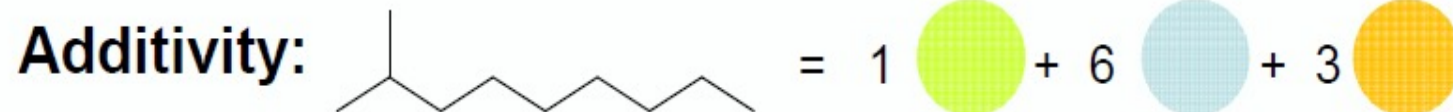




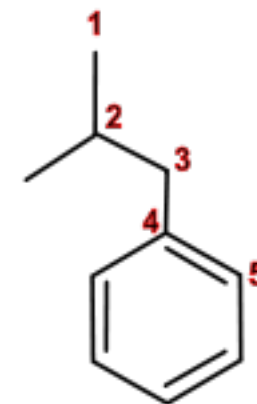
## Possible route to a map – Group additivity



Group definition based on surroundings (ligands)

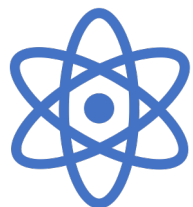


## Benson's Rules



1) C -(C)(H) <sub>3</sub> .....	2(-10.20)
2) C -(C) <sub>3</sub> (H) .....	-1.90
3) C -(C <sub>B</sub> )(C)(H) <sub>2</sub> .....	-4.86
4) C <sub>B</sub> -(C) .....	5.51
5) C <sub>B</sub> -(H) .....	5(3.30)
<hr/>	
-5.15 kcal/mole	
(-21.6 kJ/mole)	

# QSAR



## Molecules

Data

Structure

Molecular Graph



## Chemical Knowledge

Use Descriptors



## Chemical Space

Regression Models

Random Forests

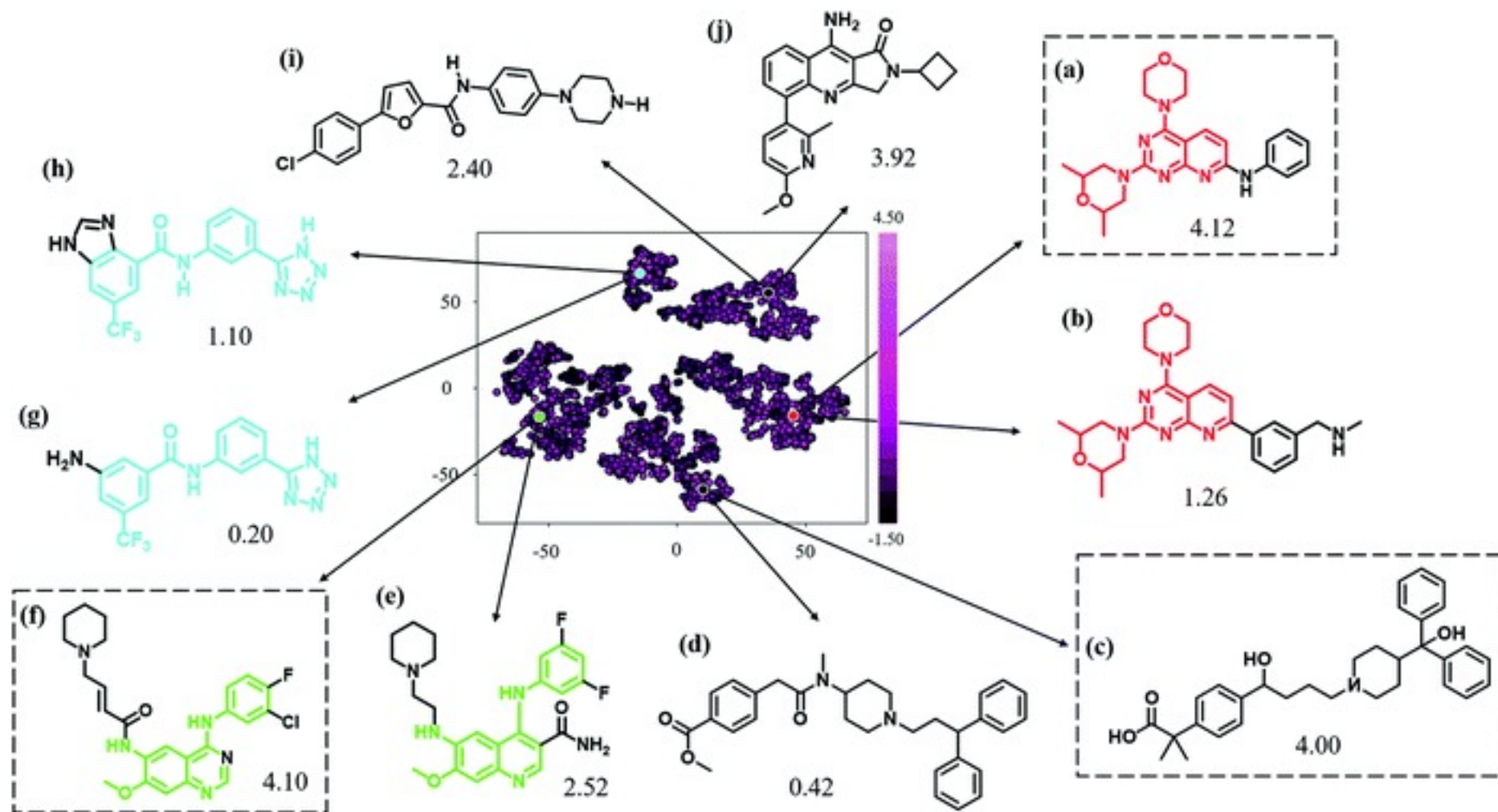
Statistical Models

QSAR



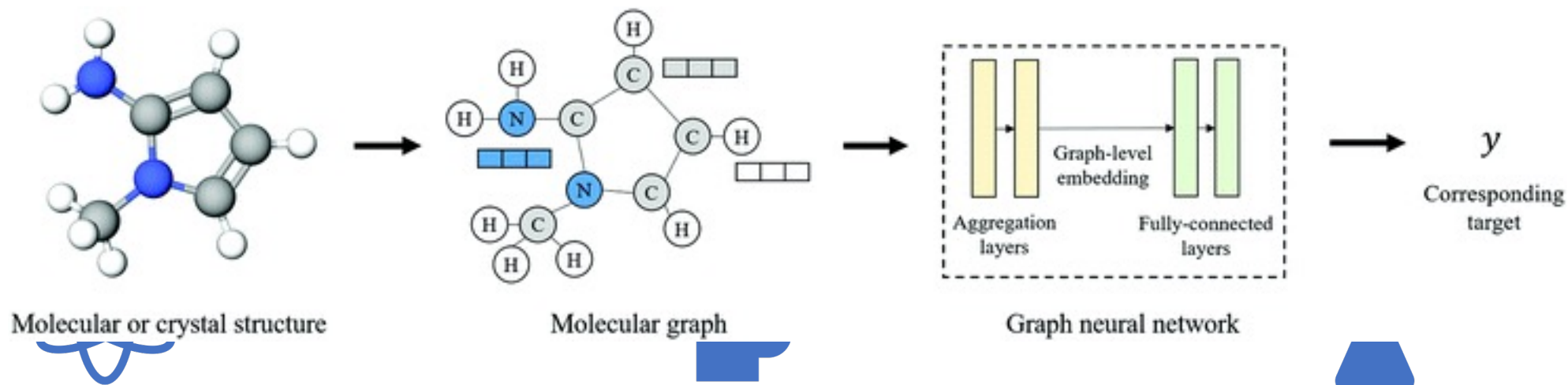
# Clustering

*Distribution of the molecules in the Lipophilicity dataset.*



<https://pubs.rsc.org/en/content/articlehtml/2020/cp/d0cp02709j>

# Machine Learning



**Molecules**

Structure

Molecular Graph

**Machine Learning**

Learn Relevant Descriptors

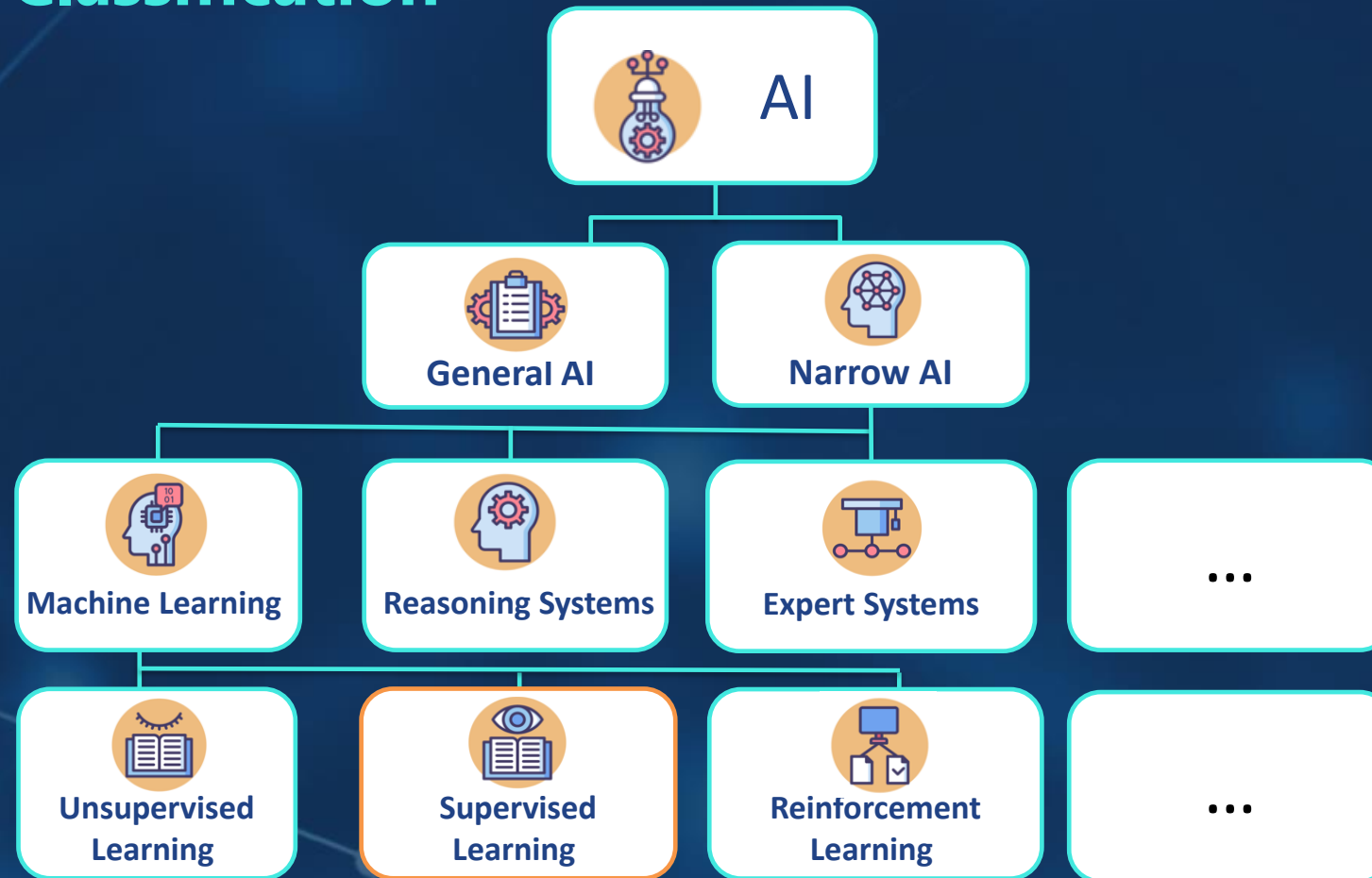
**Chemical Space**

Latent Space

Can we get the learning back out of the ML Neural Network?

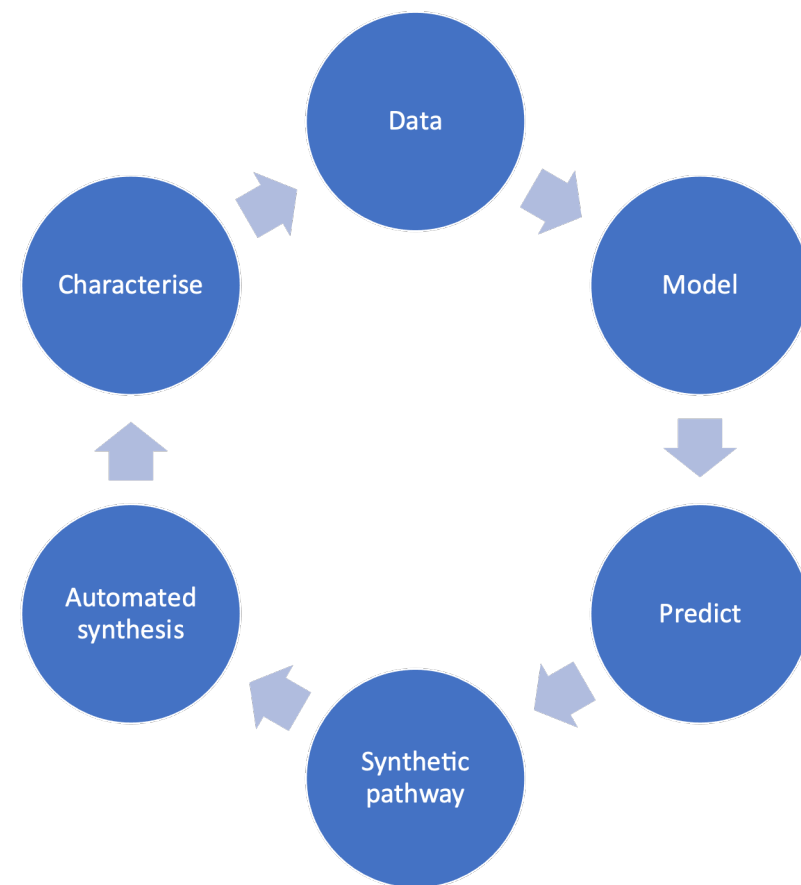


# AI Classification



# *Generative Models*

- ML network learns the essential features for molecules with selected properties (e.g., a suitable drug candidate)
- Can be used to select suitable molecules from a library
- But a generative network 'creates' possible molecules
- Then check if there is a synthetic pathway to make them!

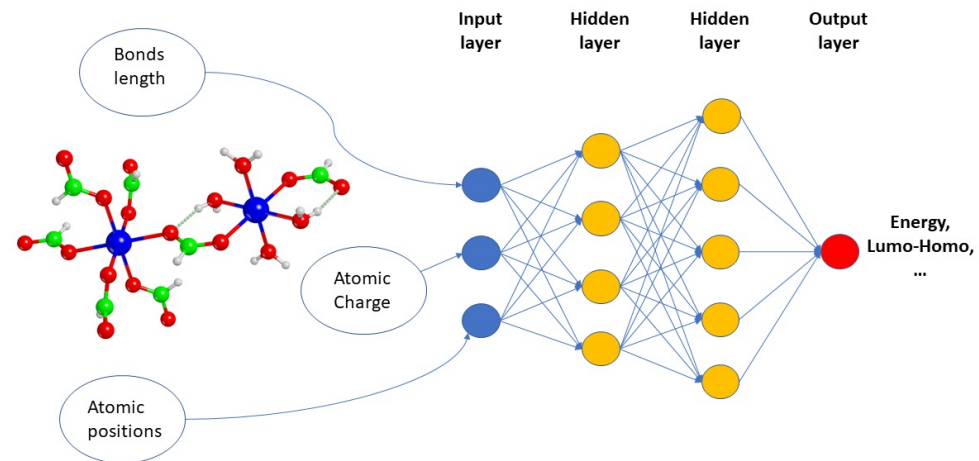


# Quantum Chemistry and Machine Learning

Provides molecular and material descriptors



Enhance Quantum Calculations

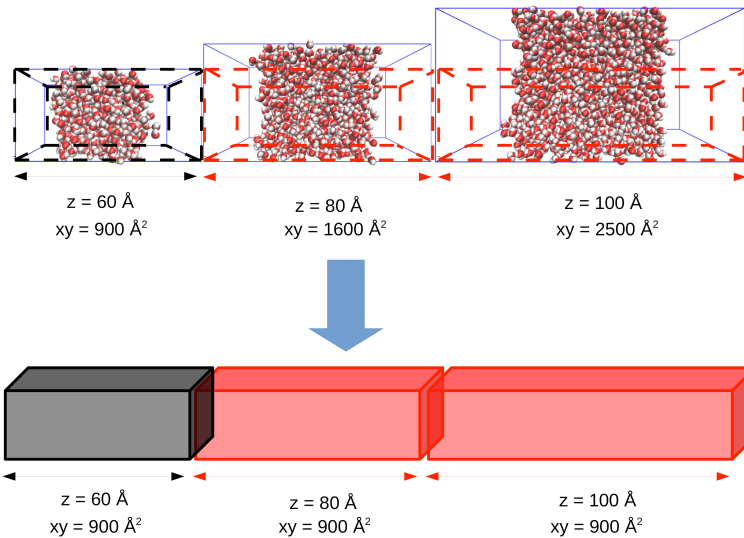


Quantum  
Chemistry

Machine  
Learning

***Molecular Alchemy &  
Continuous chemical space***

# Machine Learning and Statistical Mechanics



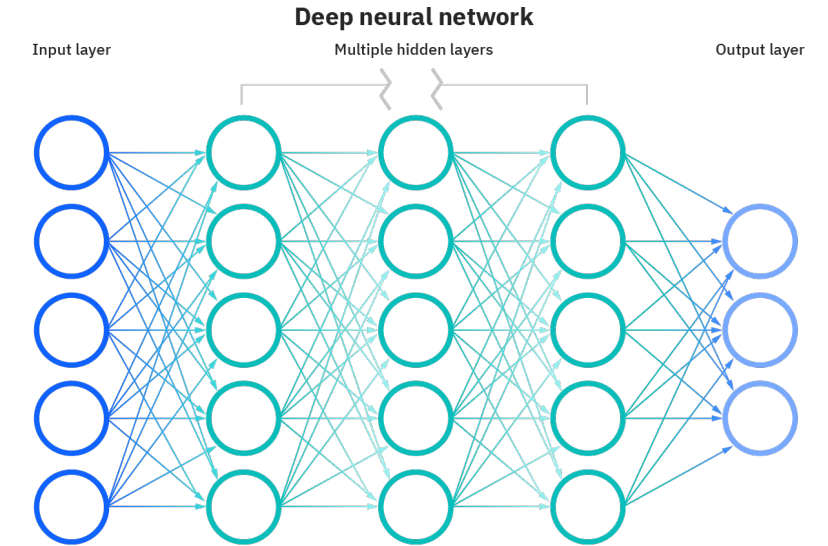
**Molecular Dynamics**

**Develop Force Fields**

**Faster Integrations**

**Identify patterns**

**Enhanced sampling**



**Machine Learning**



# The Logic of Scientific Discovery



# Abduction

cc: Veronica Belmont - <https://www.flickr.com/photos/28034678@N00>

# Types of Logical Inference

(from Ross King)



- **Deduction**

- Rule: All swans are white
- Fact: Daffy is a swan
- Therefore, Daffy is white

- **Induction**



X Birdy is a black swan

- Rule: Daffy is a swan and white
- Fact: Tweety is a swan and white
- All swans are white

# Types of Logical Inference



- **Abduction**

- Rule: All swans are white
- Fact: Daffy is white
- Daffy is a swan

X Daffy is a Duck

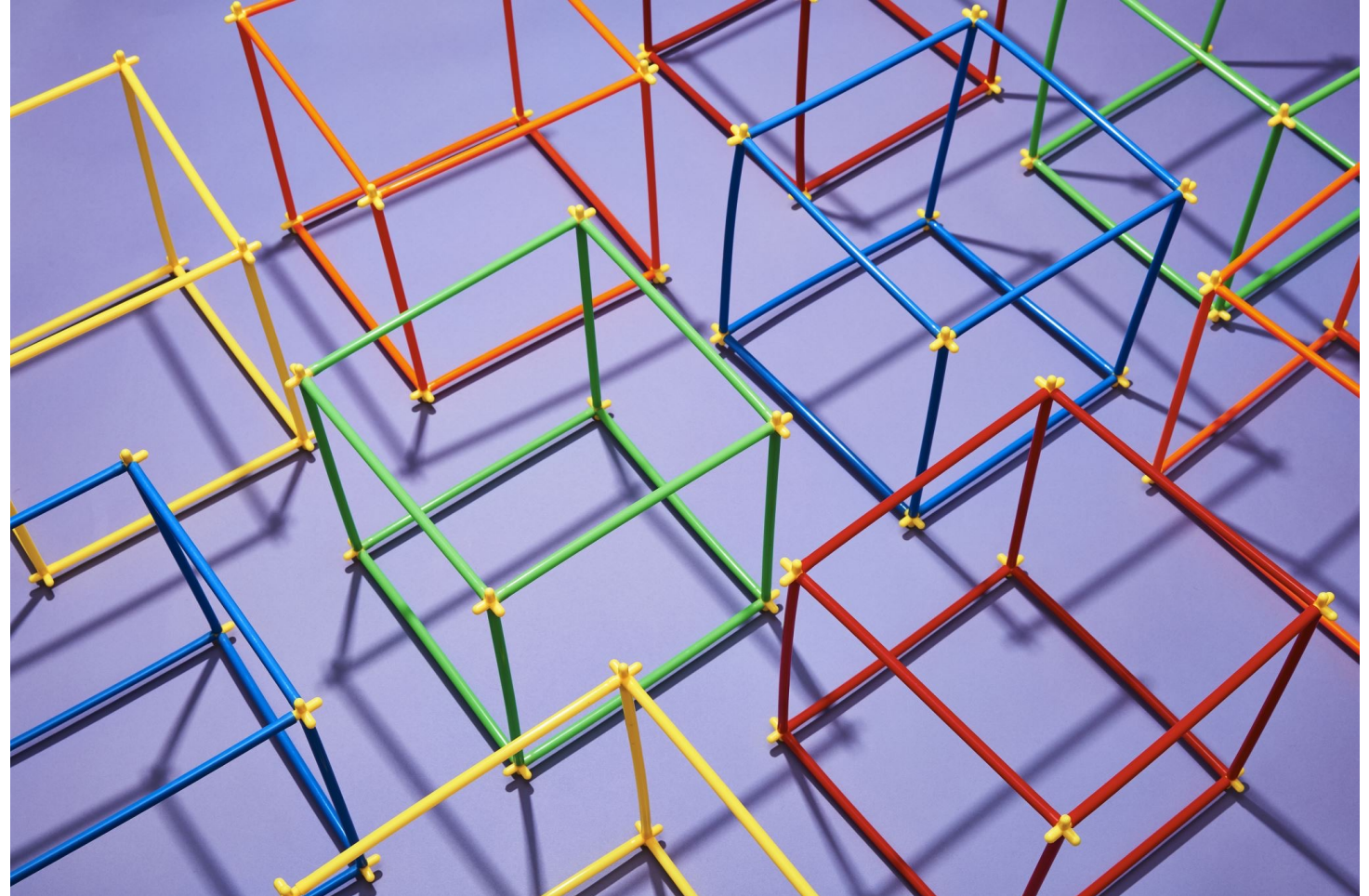
# Abduction from Molecules to Chemical Space

- *How to go from the study of a few molecules to ideas about the entirety of chemical space?*



# Barriers to Machine Learning - DATA

- DATA
- Not enough quality data
- In machine readable form



# Standards – as much time converting as extracting....



Infographic titled "Top 10 Business Intelligence Trends for 2015" by Tableau, showing eight types of electrical plugs and their specifications:

Type A	Type B	Type C	Type D
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>mainly used in the USA, Canada, Mexico &amp; Japan (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>2 pins</li><li>not grounded</li><li>15 A</li><li>almost always 100 - 127 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug type A</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>mainly used in the USA, Canada, Mexico &amp; Japan (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>3 pins</li><li>grounded</li><li>15 A</li><li>almost always 100 - 127 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug types A &amp; B</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>commonly used in Europe, South America &amp; Asia (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>2 pins</li><li>not grounded</li><li>2.5 A</li><li>220 - 240 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug type C</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>mainly used in India (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>3 pins</li><li>grounded</li><li>5 A</li><li>220 - 240 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug types C &amp; D (unsafe compatibility with E &amp; F)</li></ul>
<a href="#">Learn more</a>	<a href="#">Learn more</a>	<a href="#">Learn more</a>	<a href="#">Learn more</a>

Tableau  
Top 10 Business Intelligence Trends for 2015

Type E	Type F	Type G	Type H
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>primarily used in France, Belgium, Poland, Slovakia &amp; the Czech Republic (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>2 pins</li><li>grounded</li><li>16 A</li><li>220 - 240 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug types C, E &amp; F</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>used almost everywhere in Europe &amp; Russia, except for the UK &amp; Ireland (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>2 pins</li><li>grounded</li><li>16 A</li><li>220 - 240 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug types C, E &amp; F</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>mainly used in the United Kingdom, Ireland, Malta, Malaysia &amp; Singapore (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>3 pins</li><li>grounded</li><li>13 A</li><li>220 - 240 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug type G</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>used exclusively in Israel, the West Bank &amp; the Gaza Strip (for a full list, <a href="#">click here</a>)</li><li>3 pins</li><li>grounded</li><li>16 A</li><li>220 - 240 V</li><li>socket compatible with plug types C &amp; H (unsafe compatibility with E &amp; F)</li></ul>
<a href="#">Learn more</a>	<a href="#">Learn more</a>	<a href="#">Learn more</a>	<a href="#">Learn more</a>

# Ethical AI – The Problems of Bias



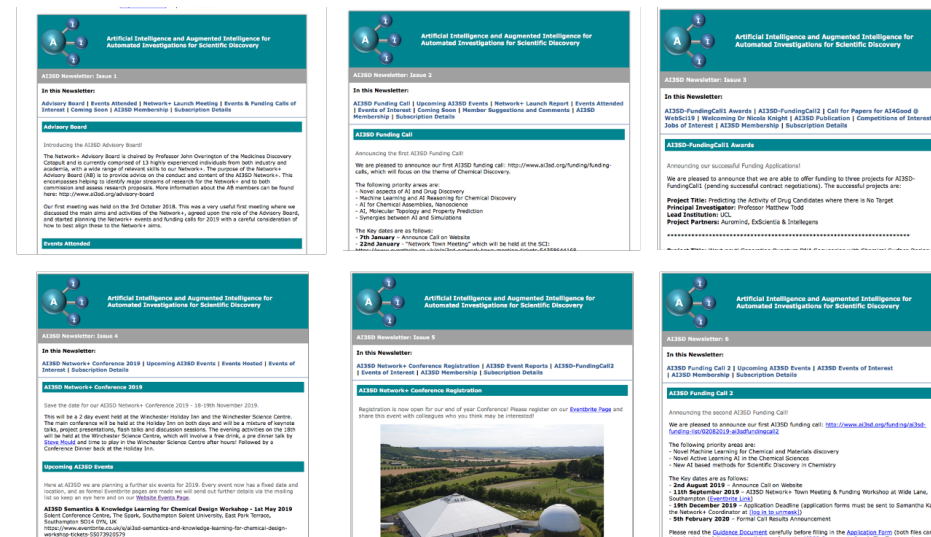
Explainable  
Accountable  
Reproducible

All needed for  
scientific discovery

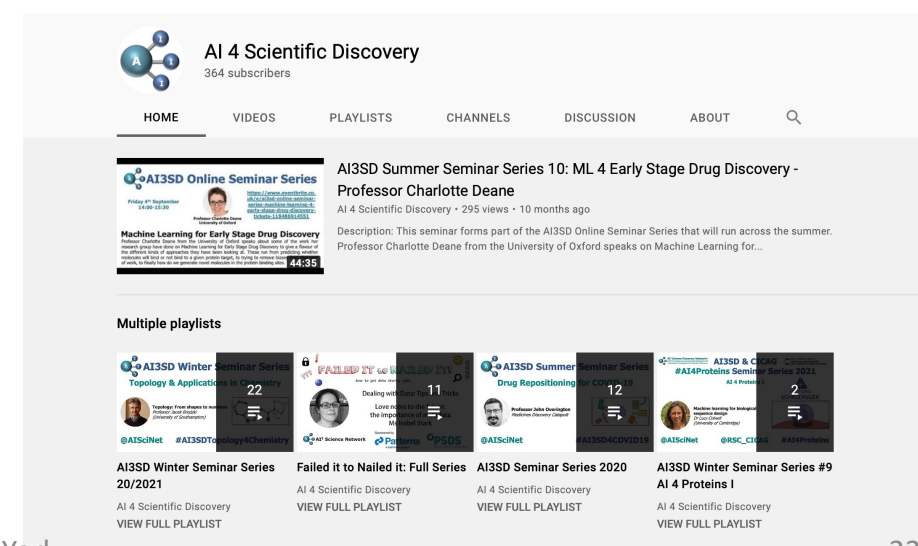
# The AI3SD Network

- Meetings & Workshops
- Feasibility funding
- Summer Internships
- Online Talks & YouTube Chanel
- Reports, Interviews Newsletters
- Conference

• [www.ai3sd.org](http://www.ai3sd.org)



## AI3SD YouTube Cha





## Home

Welcome to the AI3SD Network+ (Artificial Intelligence and Augmented Intelligence for Automated Investigations for Scientific Discovery). The [University of Southampton](#) and aims to bring together researchers looking to show how cutting edge artificial and augmented intelligence technology can revolutionise scientific discovery.

We have chosen Design and Synthesis of Chemicals and Materials (including property prediction, synthesis and manufacture) as the inter-related areas in which to focus the landscape for the Network+’s activities. These areas are critical to meeting the majority of the [UN sustainability goals](#), and the complexity of the relationships between chemical/molecular structure, physical properties and material performance renders many of these problems computationally intractable. AI techniques hold great promise in revolutionising research in these areas.

### AI 4 Scientific Discovery

### AI3SD Online Seminar Series

Given the current COVID-19 situation, AI3SD have moved their events online until it is safe to run physical events again. Our seminars are recorded and made available on our [AI3SD YouTube Channel](#).

Below is a list of the different seminar series we have organised:






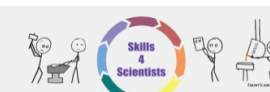


Seminar Series	Dates
<a href="#">Summer Seminar Series 2020</a>	July 2020 – September 2020
<a href="#">Data Seminar Series 2020</a>	October 2020 – December 2020
<a href="#">Winter Seminar Series 2021</a>	November 2020 – April 2021
<a href="#">AI4Proteins Seminar Series 2021</a>	April 2021 – June 2021
<a href="#">Skills4Scientists Seminar Series 2021</a>	July 2021 – September 2021

25/08/2021

## Seminar Series

ML & Big Data Univeristy of York

## Skills4Scientists

Date		Title
07/07/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Research Data Management</a>
08/07/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Intro to Python 1</a>
21/07/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Version Control &amp; LaTeX</a>
22/07/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Intro to Python 2</a>
04/08/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Posters, Presentations &amp; Reports</a>
05/08/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Careers 1</a>
18/08/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Ethical Research</a>
19/08/2021 14:00-17:00		<a href="#">Careers 2</a>
1-2/09/2021 10:00-17:00		Poster Symposia

23

# AI 4 Proteins

## AI 4 Scientific Discovery

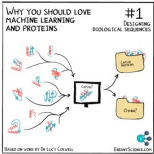

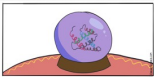
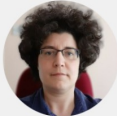
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### AI 4 Proteins Seminar Series 2021



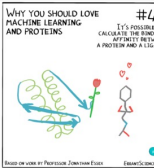

AI3SD collaborated with [RSC-CICAG](#) ([The Royal Society of Chemistry – Chemical Information and Computer Applications Group](#)) to run an **#AI4Proteins** Seminar Series in 2021. This series started on Wednesday 14th April 2021, and was made up of a set of sessions of 1-2 talks, ending with an all day virtual conference on Thursday 17th June 2021.

Below is the timetable for the series, with links to individual Event and Eventbrite pages. This timetable is still in a draft form and further speakers will be added as details are confirmed. A majority of the talks in these events will be recorded and made available on the [AI3SD YouTube Channel](#).

#### AI4Proteins: I

Date	Talks	Speaker	Video Link	DOI Link
14/04/2021	 <b>#1</b> <b>Machine learning for biological sequence design:</b> <a href="#">Dr Lucy Colwell</a> (University of Cambridge)		<a href="#">Video Link</a>	<a href="#">DOI Link</a>
14/04/2021	 <b>#2</b> <b>Machine learning applications for macro-molecular X-ray crystallography at Diamond:</b> <a href="#">Dr Melanie Vollmar</a> (Diamond)		<a href="#">Video Link</a>	<a href="#">DOI Link</a>

#### AI4Proteins: II

Date	Talks	Speaker	Video Link	DOI Link
05/05/2021	 <b>#3</b> <b>The Application of Machine Learning in Molecular Spectroscopy</b> <b>Study:</b> <a href="#">Professor Jun Jiang</a> (University of Science and Technology of China)		Not available	<a href="#">DOI Link</a>
05/05/2021	 <b>#4</b> <b>Molecular Dynamics Simulations of Proteins:</b> <a href="#">Professor Jonathan Essex</a> (University of Southampton)		Not available	Not available

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AlphaFold Protein Structure Database

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# AlphaFold Protein Structure Database

Developed by DeepMind and EMBL-EBI

Search for protein, gene, UniProt accession or organism [BETA](#) [Search](#)

Examples: [Free fatty acid receptor 2](#) [A11G56602](#) [Q5V5L9](#) [E. coli](#) [Help: AlphaFold DB search help](#)

AlphaFold DB provides open access to protein structure predictions for the human proteome and 20 other key organisms to accelerate scientific research.

# The Future (is ours to see)

**When** chemistry becomes a discipline, mathematical chemists will design new materials, predict their properties, and tell engineers how to make them — without ever entering a laboratory. **We've got a long way to go on that one!**

Robert A. Heinlein, “Where to?” 1950





# Talk2Lab

## *AI in the Lab*

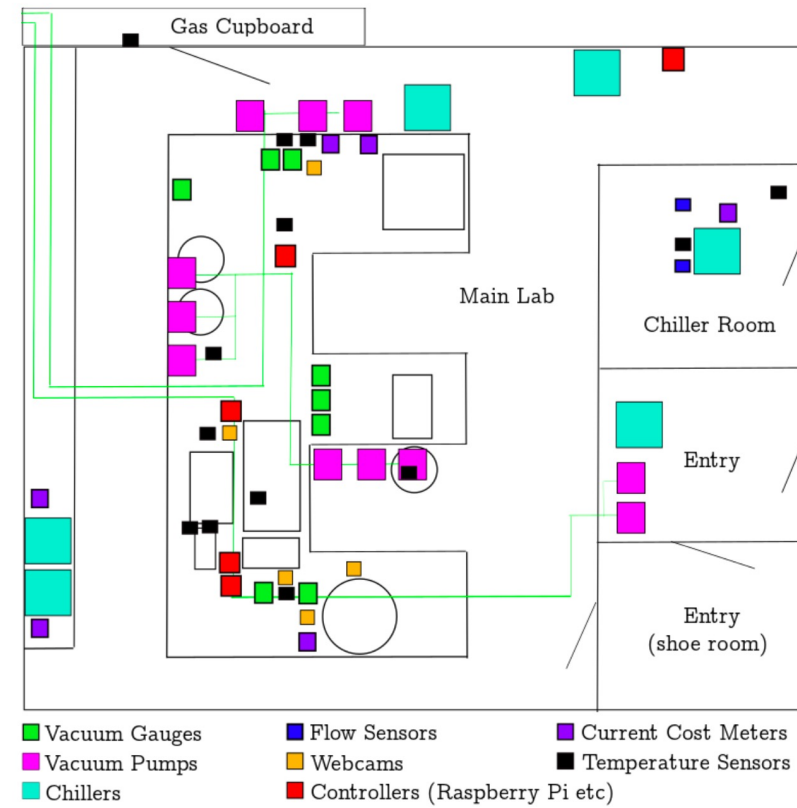


Fig. 1. Laser Lab Layout showing the different rooms and types of sensors



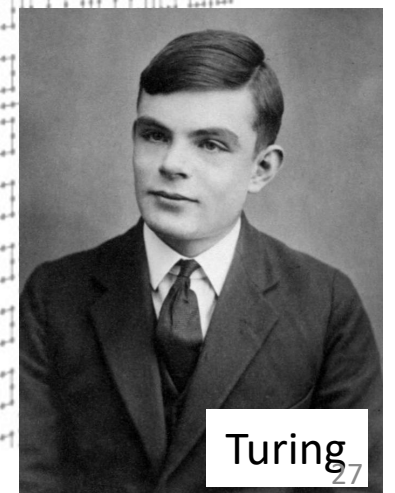
# Limits of Chemical Computation



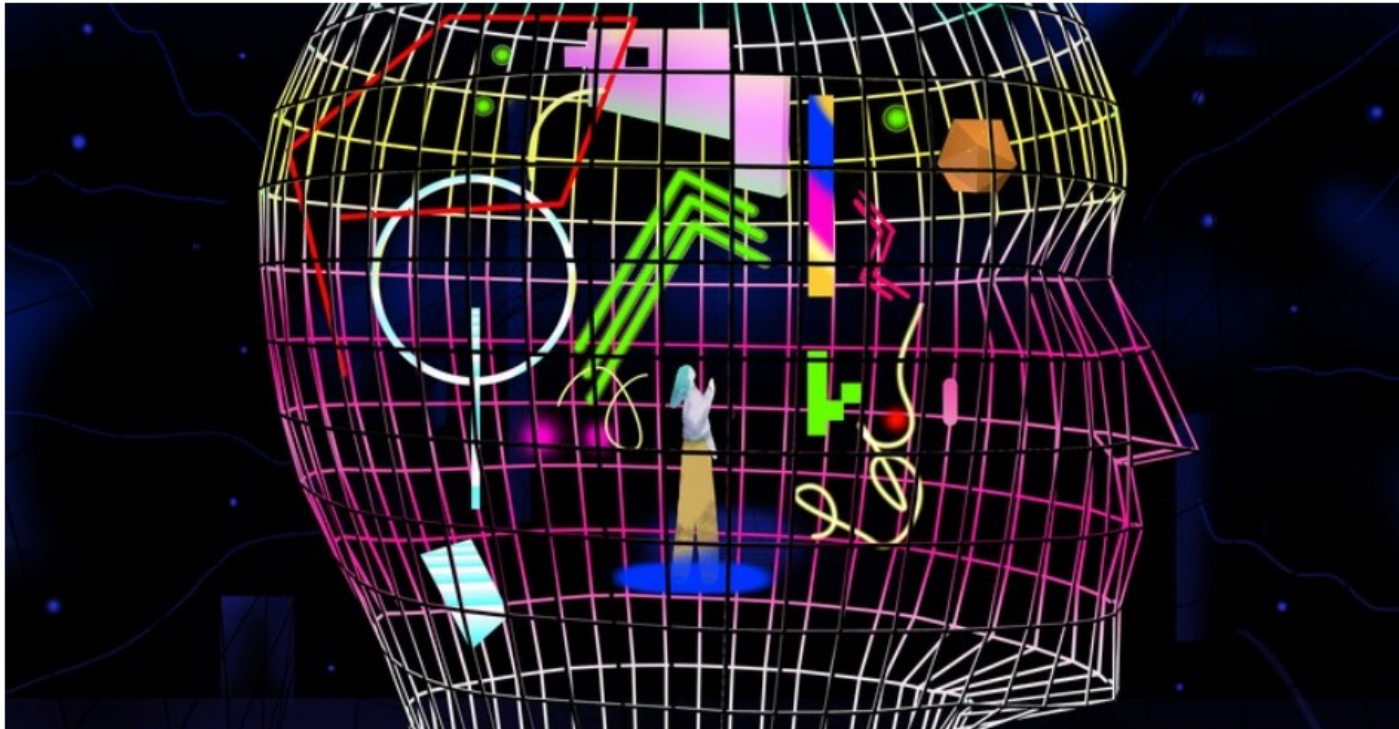
There are computationally undecidable problems in quantum chemistry!

25/08/2021

ML & Big Data Univeristy of York



## A Key worry



*Overreliance on artificial intelligence may put us in intellectual debt.* Illustration by Jon Han

**Overreliance on AI may put us in intellectual debt**



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From *The New Yorker Book of Technology Cartoons*.

*All I am saying is that now is the time to develop the technology to deflect an asteroid*

# Acknowledgements

- UKRI – EPSRC - EP/S000356/1
- Samantha Kanza (Network coordinator)
- Mahesan Niranjan (co-I)
- Advisory Board (Chair John Overington)
- Nicola Knight (PSDS)
- My research group (Sam Munday, Mikey Blakey, Jack Doyle, Steve Brewer & all former members)
- Colleagues in UK and International

*Thank you for listening*



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From *The New Yorker Book of Technology Cartoons*.

Trust me Mort - no electronic communications  
superhighway, no matter how vast and sophisticated, will  
ever replace the art of the schmooze