

Supplementary information for:

Sill-controlled salinity contrasts followed post-Messinian flooding of the Mediterranean

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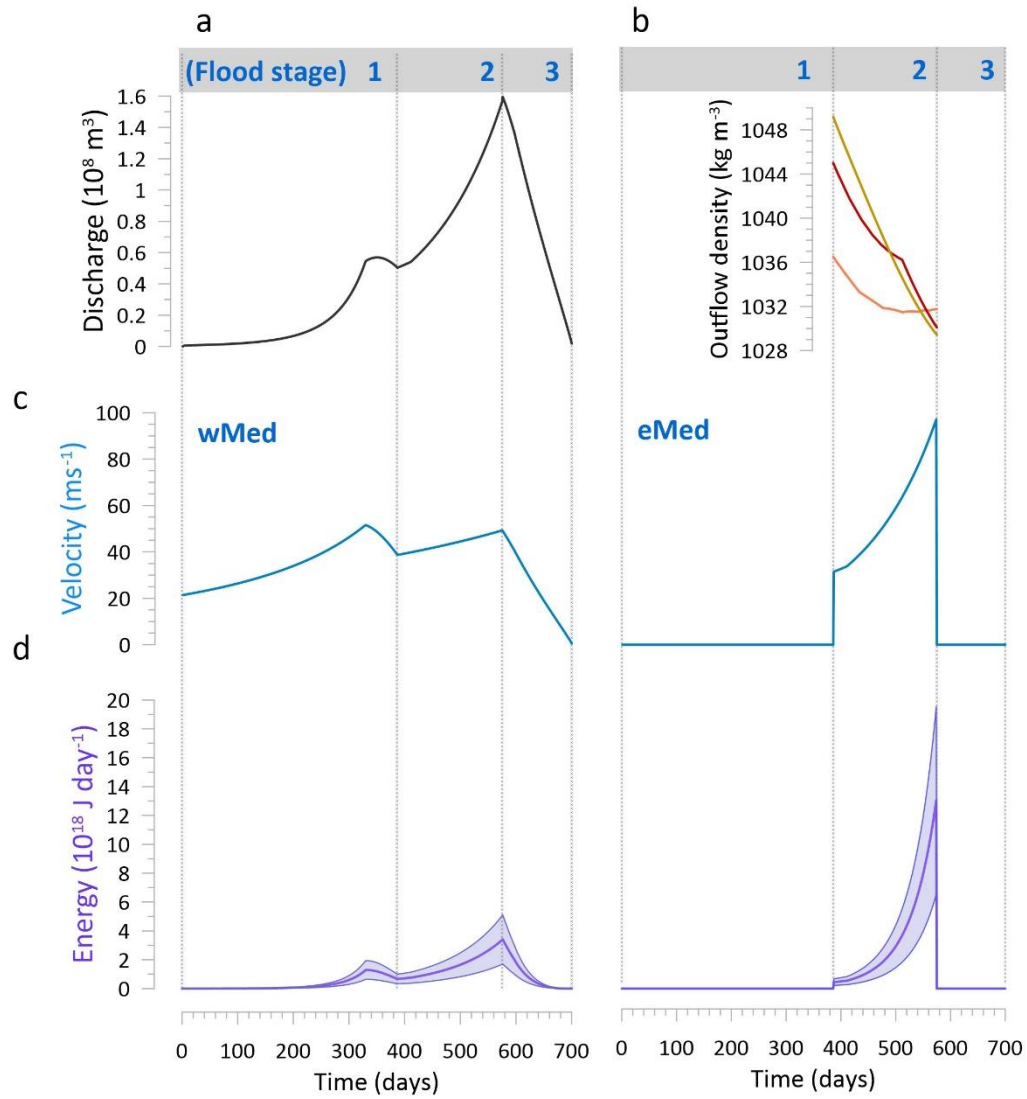
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Supplementary figure 1 | Evolution of the flooding event in the wMed and eMed. a, Daily flood discharge through the Strait of Gibraltar. **b,** Evolution of eMed inflow water density during ZFS 2 at different mixing efficiencies (ME) in the wMed (orange = 10% ME; red = 20% ME; yellow = 30% ME). **c,** Flood velocity in the wMed and eMed. **d,** Kinetic energy available for mixing in wMed and eMed. Thick purple lines are energy availability at 20% ME. Upper and lower envelopes demarcate energy availability at 30% and 10% ME. ZFS 1, 2, and 3 are the three main Zanclean flooding stages (see main text Fig. 2).



Supplementary Table 1: A record of the Miocene to Pliocene transition recovered from Mediterranean DSDP and ODP sites. This includes a total of 46 sites⁶⁴: Deep Sea Drilling Project (DSDP) Leg 13 sites, DSDP Leg 42A – 8 sites, Ocean Drilling Program (ODP) Leg 107 – 7 sites, ODP Leg 160 – 11 sites, ODP Leg 161 – 6 sites.

Western Mediterranean					
Site	Location	Water depth (m)	Complete record across the M/P boundary		Nature of the boundary
			Present	Not Present	
Deep Sea Drilling Project (DSDP) Sites					
121	Western Alboran Basin	1163		✓	Suspected lower Pliocene to upper Miocene hiatus. Lower Pliocene <i>Sphaeroidinellopsis</i> acme zone was not recovered ⁶⁵ .
122	Valencia Trough	2146		✓	Basal Pliocene transgression is not recorded ⁶⁵ .
123	Valencia basement ridge	2290		✓	Basal Pliocene transgression is not recorded ⁶⁵ .
124	Balearic Rise	2726		✓	More than 1 million years of the earliest Pliocene record missing ⁶⁵ .
132	Tyrrhenian Sea	2835	✓		Pliocene foraminiferal pelagic ooze overlying calcitic-dolomitic-pyritic marl (Late Miocene evaporite series) ⁶⁵ .
133	Sardinia Slope	2563		✓	M/P boundary hiatus ⁶⁵ .
134	Balearic Abyssal Plain	2864		✓	About 0.8 million years of earliest Pliocene sediments missing ⁶⁵ .
371	South Balearic Basin	2792		✓	About 1 million year hiatus at the base of the Pliocene ⁶⁶ .
372	Menorca Rise, west Algero-Provencal Basin	2699		✓	MPI-1 and MPI-2 biozones missing; M/P boundary is recorded as a drilling artifact ⁶⁶ .
373	Tyrrhenian Basin	3517		✓	Only down to MPI 3 biozone recognized. No M/P boundary present ⁶⁶ .
Ocean Drilling Program (ODP) Sites					
650	Marsili Basin	3516		✓	Oldest sediments are late Pliocene (MPI 6 biozone) ⁶⁷ .
651	Tyrrhenian Basin	3578		✓	Oldest sediments are late Pliocene (Piacenzian stage, MPI 6) ⁶⁷ .
652	Central Tyrrhenian Sea	3446	✓		Mainly earliest Pliocene gypsiferous nannofossil ooze overlies Messinian Sediments ⁶⁷ .
653	Western Tyrrhenian Sea	2828	✓		Foraminiferal ooze of MPI 1 biozone overlies an upper Messinian unit

				characterized by brackish water facies ⁶⁷ .
654	Upper Sardinian Margin	2208	✓	Early Pliocene foraminifer-nannofossil ooze overlies Messinian grey marls and gypsum ⁶⁷ .
655	Gortani Ridge, Western Vavilov Basin	3290	✓	Pliocene biozone MPI 3 is present. No continuous M/P boundary recognized ⁶⁷ .
656	De Marchi Seamount	3597	✓	Oldest sediments probably of Messinian age. Pliocene record is not complete; a long gap is present ⁶⁷ .
974	Central Tyrrhenian Sea	3454	✓	Earliest Pliocene yellowish brown to olive grey nannofossil clay overlies Messinian sediments ⁶⁸ .
975	South Balearic Margin	2200	✓	Earliest Pliocene bioturbated nannofossil ooze and clay sequence overlies Messinian evaporative sequences ⁶⁸ .
976	Western Alboran Sea	1108	✓	Hiatus at M/P boundary ⁶⁸ .
977	Eastern Alboran Basin	1984	✓	Unclear whether the M/P boundary was reached because the earliest section is complex ⁶⁸ .
978	Eastern Alboran Basin	1929	✓	MPI 1 biozone (foraminiferal ooze) overlies Messinian sediments (not reliable) ⁶⁸ .
979	Southern Alboran Basin	1062	✓	Oldest sediments date to late Pliocene ⁶⁸ .

Eastern Mediterranean

Site	Location	Water depth (m)	Complete record across the M/P boundary:		Nature of the boundary
			Present	Not Present	
Deep Sea Drilling Project (DSDP) Sites					
125	Mediterranean Ridge	2782	✓		Sedimentation gap of 1.5 million years exists at the M/P boundary ⁶⁵ .
126	Cleft in Mediterranean Ridge, Ionian Sea	3730	✓		No Pliocene sediments recovered ⁶⁵ .
127	Hellenic Trench	4636	✓		Stratigraphic inversion detected; Cretaceous limestones overlying upper Pliocene oozes ⁶⁵ .
128	Hellenic Trench	4640	✓		Quaternary section penetrated; no M/P boundary present ⁶⁵ .
129	Strabo Trench, Levantine Basin	2832-3048	✓		No proper M/P boundary. Earliest Pliocene <i>Sphaeroidinellopsis</i> acme-

				zone present as downhole contaminants ⁶⁵ .
130	Mediterranean Ridge, Levantine Sea	2979	✓	Only Quaternary sediments present ⁶⁵ .
131	Western Nile Cone	3035	✓	Only Quaternary sediments present ⁶⁵ .
374	Ionian Sea	4078	✓?	M/P boundary obscured by diagenesis of earliest Pliocene horizons. Weakly defined boundary. Diagenetic gypsum included in Pliocene sediments. Sapropelic layers present in earliest Pliocene section ⁶⁶ .
375	Florence Rise, west of Cyprus	1900	✓	~1-million-year hiatus at basal Pliocene ⁶⁶ .
376	Florence Rise, west of Cyprus	2101	✓	Two M/P boundaries present as a drilling artifact. Prominent black layer present, rich in organic carbon, and finely laminated in its lower part dates to earliest Pliocene – Known as the “mystery sapropel” ⁶⁶ .
377	Mediterranean Ridge cleft	3718	✓	Quaternary sediments overlie Miocene sediments, no M/P boundary present ⁶⁶ .
378	Cretan Basin, Aegan Sea	1835	✓	Earliest MPI 1 zone missing. Olive grey marls of MPI 2 age in contact with selenitic gypsum ⁶⁶ .
Ocean Drilling Program (ODP) Sites				
963	Strait of Sicily	470	✓	Oldest recorded sediments date to early Pleistocene ⁶⁹ .
964	Near Calabrian Ridge, Ionian abyssal plain	3657	✓	Sediment record is complete only to 4 Ma ⁶⁹ .
965	Eratosthenes Seamount	1507	✓	Hiatus from middle to early Pliocene (tectonic instability) ⁶⁹ .
966	Eratosthenes Seamount plateau	940	✓	Hiatus at M/P transition ⁶⁹ .
967	Northern slope of Eratosthenes Seamount	2554	✓	Pliocene sedimentation begins with 1-m-thick layer rich in organic matter (this study). We relate this to the mystery sapropel.
968	Lower slope of Cyprus Margin	1960	✓	Hiatus from 3.57 Ma to late Miocene (inferred to result from tectonic uplift of southern Cyprus) ⁶⁹ .
969	Mediterranean Ridge	2000	✓	Pliocene sedimentation begins with a sapropel. This bed is considered an equivalent of the "mystery sapropel"

				described from the Florentine Basin, DSDP Hole 376 ^{ref.19} .
970	Mediterranean Ridge northern flanks	1953-2079	✓	Sedimentary record incomplete. Oldest sediments are early Pliocene ⁶⁹ .
971	Mediterranean Ridge	1933-2143	✓	Earliest recorded sediments are Pleistocene ⁶⁹ .
972	Mediterranean westernmost outer deformation front	3931	✓	Earliest sediments are late Pliocene ⁶⁹ .
973	Toe of the Mediterranean Ridge accretionary wedge	3694	✓	Earliest sediments are Pleistocene ⁶⁹ .

Supplementary Table 2. Biostratigraphic datums for ODP Site 967²² for the interval shown in Extended Data Fig. 2. Ages given here are calibrated to the latest astrochronology⁷⁰.

Location indicated in Extended Data Fig. 3	Biostratigraphic datum	Age (ka) (astronomically calibrated)	ODP 967 Hole A sample location ²²	Equivalent depth (m) in ODP 967 splice used here	Age (ka) of the location in the splice
a	Last Messinian sediments	5333 (flooding surface)	13H-4 109-111 cm	~128.16	~5330
b	MPL1 (influx of <i>Neogloboquadrina acostaensis</i>)	5320	13H-4 78-80 cm	127.86	5323.81
c	AB <i>Sphaeroidinellopsis</i>	5300	13H-3 113-115 cm	126.70	5280.68
d	AE <i>Sphaeroidinellopsis</i>	5210	13H-3 25-27 cm	125.79	5234.38

Events a and b agree closely with our chronology. Events c and d differ by ~-19 and ~+24 ka, respectively, compared to our chronology. It should be noted that the shipboard biostratigraphy was developed using samples from Hole 967A at 10-50 cm resolution, which is equivalent to ~5-25 ka age uncertainty based on events a and b. Therefore, we rely on our higher- (1-cm) resolution, calibrated XRF data to develop the new chronology. AE, Acme end; AB, Acme base.

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